CHAPTER 99-140

Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 752

An act relating to elections; creating s. 99.063, F.S.; providing for the designation of candidates for Lieutenant Governor; providing requirements and time for qualifying for such office; providing for ballot language on primary election ballots if the candidate for Lieutenant Governor has not been designated by a time certain; repealing s. 99.092(3), F.S., and amending ss. 99.095, 99.0955 and 101.62, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 100.111, F.S.; allowing a candidate who has qualified for public office who has withdrawn or been eliminated to be designated as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor; amending s. 102.112, F.S.; revising the time for submission of county returns to the Department of State; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 99.063, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

99.063 Candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.—

(1) No later than 5 p.m. of the 6th day following the second primary election, each candidate for Governor shall designate a Lieutenant Governor as a running mate. Such designation must be made in writing to the Department of State.

(2) No later than 5 p.m. of the 6th day following the second primary election, each designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor shall file with the Department of State:

(a) The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.

(b) The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.

(c) If the office sought is partisan, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).

(d) The full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution.

(3) A designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor is not required to pay a separate qualifying fee or obtain signatures on petitions. Ballot position obtained by the candidate for Governor entitles the designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor, upon receipt by the Department of State of the qualifying papers required by subsection (2), to have his or her name placed on the ballot for the joint candidacy.

(4) In order to have the name of the candidate for Lieutenant Governor printed on the first or second primary election ballot, a candidate for Governor participating in the primary must designate the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and the designated candidate must qualify no later than the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061. If the candidate for Lieutenant Governor has not been designated and has not qualified by the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061, the phrase "Not Yet Designated" must be included in lieu of the candidate's name on primary election ballots and on advance absentee ballots for the general election.

(5) Failure of the Lieutenant Governor candidate to be designated and qualified by the time specified in subsection (2) shall result in forfeiture of ballot position for the candidate for Governor for the general election.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 99.092, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 99.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.095 Alternative method of qualifying.—

(3) When a candidate has filed the oath prescribed in subsection (1), the candidate may begin to seek signatures on petitions supporting his or her candidacy. Only signatures of electors who are registered in the political party by which the candidate seeks to be nominated and who are registered to vote in the county, district, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought shall be counted toward obtaining the minimum numbers of signatures prescribed in this subsection. A candidate for an office elected on a statewide basis shall obtain the signatures of a number of qualified electors equal to at least 3 percent of the total number of registered electors of Florida who are registered in the party by which the candidate seeks nomination, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election. A candidate for any federal, state, county, or district office to be elected on less than a statewide basis shall obtain the signatures of a number of qualified electors of the district, county, or other geographical entity equal to at least 3 percent of the total number of registered voters of the party by which the candidate seeks nomination that are registered within the district, county, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election. A separate petition shall be circulated for each candidate availing himself or herself of the provisions of this section. However, candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor forming joint candidacies shall use the same nominating petition for both candidates.

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 99.0955, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.0955 Independent candidate for office; name on general election ballot.—

(2) A candidate for an office elected on a statewide basis shall obtain the signatures of a number of the qualified electors equal to 3 percent of the

2

registered electors of Florida, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election. When joint candidacies for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor are provided by law, independent candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall form a joint candidacy, and only one petition shall be used to place both names on the ballot as otherwise provided in this section. A candidate for any federal, state, county, or district office to be elected on less than a statewide basis shall obtain the signatures of a number of the qualified electors of the district, county, or other geographical entity equal to at least 3 percent of the total number of the registered voters of the district, county, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election.

Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 100.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.111 Filling vacancy.—

(4)

(d) Any person who, at the close of qualifying as prescribed in ss. 99.061 and 105.031, was qualified for nomination or election to or retention in a public office to be filled at the ensuing general election is prohibited from qualifying as a candidate to fill a vacancy in nomination for any other office to be filled at that general election, even if such person has withdrawn or been eliminated as a candidate for the original office sought. However, this paragraph does not apply to a candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor who applies to fill a vacancy in nomination for the office of Governor on the same ticket or to a person who has withdrawn or been eliminated as a candidate and who is subsequently designated as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor under s. 99.063.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

101.62 Request for absentee ballots.—

(4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections shall, not fewer than 35 days before the first primary election, mail an absentee ballot. Not fewer than 45 days before the second primary and general election, the supervisor of elections shall mail an advance absentee ballot to those persons requesting ballots for such elections. The advance absentee ballot for the second primary shall be the same as the first primary absentee ballot as to the names of candidates, except that for any offices where there are only two candidates, those offices and all political party executive committee offices shall be omitted. Except as provided in s. 99.063(4), the advance absentee ballot for the general election shall be as specified in s. 101.151, except that in the case of candidates of political parties where nominations were not made in the first primary, the names of the candidates placing first and second in the first primary election shall be printed on the advance absentee ballot. The advance absentee ballot or advance absentee ballot information booklet

shall be of a different color for each election and also a different color from the absentee ballots for the first primary, second primary, and general election. The supervisor shall mail an advance absentee ballot for the second primary and general election to each qualified absent elector for whom a request is received until the absentee ballots are printed. The supervisor shall enclose with the advance second primary absentee ballot and advance general election absentee ballot an explanation stating that the absentee ballot for the election will be mailed as soon as it is printed; and, if both the advance absentee ballot and the absentee ballot for the election are returned in time to be counted, only the absentee ballot will be counted.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 102.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.112 Deadline for submission of county returns to the Department of State; penalties.—

(1) The county canvassing board or a majority thereof shall file the county returns for the election of a federal or state officer with the Department of State immediately after certification of the election results. <u>Returns must be filed by 5 p.m. on the 7th day following the first primary and general election and by 3 p.m. on the 3rd day following the second primary.</u> If the returns are not received by the department by <u>the time specified 5 p.m. on the 7th day after an election</u>, such returns may be ignored and the results on file at that time may be certified by the department.

Section 8. This act shall take effect January 1, 2000.

Approved by the Governor April 29, 1999.

Filed in Office Secretary of State April 29, 1999.