

CHAPTER 2021-156

Committee Substitute for Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 234

An act relating to sexual offender registration; providing legislative intent; amending s. 943.0435, F.S.; redefining the term “sexual offender”; reenacting ss. 61.13(9)(c), 68.07(3)(i) and (6), 98.0751(2)(b), 320.02(4), 322.141(3), 322.19(1) and (2), 394.9125(2), 397.487(10)(b), 435.07(4)(b), 775.0862(2), 775.13(4), 775.21(5)(d) and (10)(d), 775.24(2), 775.25, 775.261(3)(b), 900.05(2)(cc), 903.046(2)(m), 903.133, 907.043(4)(b), 938.10(1), 943.0436(2), 943.0584(2), 944.607(4)(a) and (9), 948.06(4), 948.063, 948.31, 985.04(6)(b), 985.4815(9) and (10)(c), and 1012.467(2)(g), F.S., relating to support of children, parenting and time-sharing, and powers of court; change of name; restoration of voting rights and termination of ineligibility subsequent to a felony conviction; registration required, application for registration, and forms; color or markings of certain licenses or identification cards; change of address or name; state attorneys and the authority to refer a person for civil commitment; voluntary certification of recovery residences; exemptions from disqualification; sexual offenses against students by authority figures and reclassification; registration of convicted felons, exemptions, and penalties; the Florida Sexual Predators Act; duty of the court to uphold laws governing sexual predators and sexual offenders; prosecutions for acts or omissions; the Florida Career Offender Registration Act; criminal justice data collection; purpose of and criteria for bail determination; bail on appeal, prohibited for certain felony convictions; pretrial release, citizens’ right to know; additional court cost imposed in cases of certain crimes; duty of the court to uphold laws governing sexual predators and sexual offenders; criminal history records ineligible for court-ordered expunction or court-ordered sealing; notification to the department of information on sexual offenders; violation of probation or community control, revocation, modification, continuance, and failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision; violations of probation or community control by designated sexual offenders and sexual predators; evaluation and treatment of sexual predators and offenders on probation or community control; oaths, records, and confidential information; notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on juvenile sexual offenders; and noninstructional contractors who are permitted access to school grounds when students are present and background screening requirements, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 943.0435, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. The Legislature finds that the opinion in *State v. James*, 298 So. 3d 90 (Fla. 2d DCA 2020), is contrary to legislative intent and that a person’s failure to pay a fine does not relieve him or her of the requirement to

register as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, Florida Statutes. The Legislature intends that a person must register as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, Florida Statutes, when he or she has been convicted of a qualifying offense and, on or after October 1, 1997, has:

- (1) No sanction imposed upon conviction; or
- (2) Been released from a sanction imposed upon conviction.

Section 2. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.0435 Sexual offenders required to register with the department; penalty.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:

(h)1. “Sexual offender” means a person who meets the criteria in sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., sub-subparagraph c., or sub-subparagraph d., as follows:

a.(I) Has been convicted of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2); s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor; s. 787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), or (g); former s. 787.06(3)(h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; former s. 796.03; former s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s. 847.0135(6); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; s. 895.03, if the court makes a written finding that the racketeering activity involved at least one sexual offense listed in this sub-sub-subparagraph or at least one offense listed in this sub-sub-subparagraph with sexual intent or motive; s. 916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1); or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this sub-sub-subparagraph; and

(II) Has been released on or after October 1, 1997, from a the sanction imposed for any conviction of an offense described in sub-sub-subparagraph (I) and does not otherwise meet the criteria for registration as a sexual offender under chapter 944 or chapter 985. For purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph (I), a sanction imposed in this state or in any other jurisdiction means includes, but is not limited to, a fine, probation, community control, parole, conditional release, control release, or incarceration in a state prison, federal prison, private correctional facility, or local detention facility. If no sanction is imposed the person is deemed to be released upon conviction;

b. Establishes or maintains a residence in this state and who has not been designated as a sexual predator by a court of this state but who has been designated as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in another state or jurisdiction and was, as a result of such designation, subjected to registration or community or

public notification, or both, or would be if the person were a resident of that state or jurisdiction, without regard to whether the person otherwise meets the criteria for registration as a sexual offender;

c. Establishes or maintains a residence in this state who is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, any other state or jurisdiction as a result of a conviction for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes or similar offense in another jurisdiction: s. 393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2); s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), where the victim is a minor; s. 787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), or (g); former s. 787.06(3)(h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; former s. 796.03; former s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s. 847.0135(6); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; s. 895.03, if the court makes a written finding that the racketeering activity involved at least one sexual offense listed in this sub-subparagraph or at least one offense listed in this sub-subparagraph with sexual intent or motive; s. 916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1); or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this sub-subparagraph; or

d. On or after July 1, 2007, has been adjudicated delinquent for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction when the juvenile was 14 years of age or older at the time of the offense:

(I) Section 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10);

(II) Section 800.04(4)(a)2. where the victim is under 12 years of age or where the court finds sexual activity by the use of force or coercion;

(III) Section 800.04(5)(c)1. where the court finds molestation involving unclothed genitals;

(IV) Section 800.04(5)(d) where the court finds the use of force or coercion and unclothed genitals; or

(V) Any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this sub-subparagraph.

2. For all qualifying offenses listed in sub-subparagraph 1.d., the court shall make a written finding of the age of the offender at the time of the offense.

For each violation of a qualifying offense listed in this subsection, except for a violation of s. 794.011, the court shall make a written finding of the age of the victim at the time of the offense. For a violation of s. 800.04(4), the court shall also make a written finding indicating whether the offense involved sexual activity and indicating whether the offense involved force or coercion.

For a violation of s. 800.04(5), the court shall also make a written finding that the offense did or did not involve unclothed genitals or genital area and that the offense did or did not involve the use of force or coercion.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

61.13 Support of children; parenting and time-sharing; powers of court.

(9)

(c) A court may not order visitation at a recovery residence if any resident of the recovery residence is currently required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (i) of subsection (3) and subsection (6) of section 68.07, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

68.07 Change of name.—

(3) Each petition shall be verified and show:

(i) Whether the petitioner has ever been required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435.

(6) The clerk of the court must, within 5 business days after the filing of the final judgment, send a report of the judgment to the Department of Law Enforcement on a form to be furnished by that department. If the petitioner is required to register as a sexual predator or a sexual offender pursuant to s. 775.21 or s. 943.0435, the clerk of court shall electronically notify the Department of Law Enforcement of the name change, in a manner prescribed by that department, within 2 business days after the filing of the final judgment. The Department of Law Enforcement must send a copy of the report to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, which may be delivered by electronic transmission. The report must contain sufficient information to identify the petitioner, including the results of the criminal history records check if applicable, the new name of the petitioner, and the file number of the judgment. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall monitor the records of any sexual predator or sexual offender whose name has been provided to it by the Department of Law Enforcement. If the sexual predator or sexual offender does not obtain a replacement driver license or identification card within the required time as specified in s. 775.21 or s. 943.0435, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall notify the Department of Law Enforcement. The Department of Law Enforcement shall notify applicable law enforcement agencies of the predator's or offender's failure to comply with registration requirements. Any information retained by the Department of Law Enforcement and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles

may be revised or supplemented by said departments to reflect changes made by the final judgment. With respect to a person convicted of a felony in another state or of a federal offense, the Department of Law Enforcement must send the report to the respective state’s office of law enforcement records or to the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Department of Law Enforcement may forward the report to any other law enforcement agency it believes may retain information related to the petitioner.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 98.0751, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

98.0751 Restoration of voting rights; termination of ineligibility subsequent to a felony conviction.—

(2) For purposes of this section, the term:

(b) “Felony sexual offense” means any of the following:

1. Any felony offense that serves as a predicate to registration as a sexual offender in accordance with s. 943.0435;

2. Section 491.0112;

3. Section 784.049(3)(b);

4. Section 794.08;

5. Section 796.08;

6. Section 800.101;

7. Section 826.04;

8. Section 847.012;

9. Section 872.06(2);

10. Section 944.35(3)(b)2.;

11. Section 951.221(1); or

12. Any similar offense committed in another jurisdiction which would be an offense listed in this paragraph if it had been committed in violation of the laws of this state.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 320.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

320.02 Registration required; application for registration; forms.—

(4) Except as provided in ss. 775.21, 775.261, 943.0435, 944.607, and 985.4815, the owner of any motor vehicle registered in the state shall notify the department in writing of any change of address within 30 days of such change. The notification shall include the registration license plate number, the vehicle identification number (VIN) or title certificate number, year of vehicle make, and the owner’s full name.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 322.141, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

322.141 Color or markings of certain licenses or identification cards.—

(3) All licenses for the operation of motor vehicles or identification cards originally issued or reissued by the department to persons who are designated as sexual predators under s. 775.21 or subject to registration as sexual offenders under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607, or who have a similar designation or are subject to a similar registration under the laws of another jurisdiction, shall have on the front of the license or identification card the following:

(a) For a person designated as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or who has a similar designation under the laws of another jurisdiction, the marking “SEXUAL PREDATOR.”

(b) For a person subject to registration as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607, or subject to a similar registration under the laws of another jurisdiction, the marking “943.0435, F.S.”

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsections (1) and (2) of section 322.19, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

322.19 Change of address or name.—

(1) Except as provided in ss. 775.21, 775.261, 943.0435, 944.607, and 985.4815, whenever any person, after applying for or receiving a driver license or identification card, changes his or her legal name, that person must within 30 days thereafter obtain a replacement license or card that reflects the change.

(2) If a person, after applying for or receiving a driver license or identification card, changes the legal residence or mailing address in the application, license, or card, the person must, within 30 calendar days after making the change, obtain a replacement license or card that reflects the change. A written request to the department must include the old and new addresses and the driver license or identification card number. Any person who has a valid, current student identification card issued by an educational institution in this state is presumed not to have changed his or her legal residence or mailing address. This subsection does not affect any person

required to register a permanent or temporary address change pursuant to s. 775.13, s. 775.21, s. 775.25, or s. 943.0435.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 394.9125, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

394.9125 State attorney; authority to refer a person for civil commitment.—

(2) A state attorney may refer a person to the department for civil commitment proceedings if the person:

- (a) Is required to register as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435;
- (b) Has previously been convicted of a sexually violent offense as defined in s. 394.912(9)(a)-(h); and
- (c) Has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment in a county or municipal jail for any criminal offense.

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 397.487, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

397.487 Voluntary certification of recovery residences.—

(10)

(b) A certified recovery residence may not allow a minor child to visit a parent who is a resident of the recovery residence at any time if any resident of the recovery residence is currently required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435.

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 435.07, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

435.07 Exemptions from disqualification.—Unless otherwise provided by law, the provisions of this section apply to exemptions from disqualification for disqualifying offenses revealed pursuant to background screenings required under this chapter, regardless of whether those disqualifying offenses are listed in this chapter or other laws.

(4)

(b) Disqualification from employment under this chapter may not be removed from, nor may an exemption be granted to, any person who is a:

1. Sexual predator as designated pursuant to s. 775.21;

2. Career offender pursuant to s. 775.261; or

3. Sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, unless the requirement to register as a sexual offender has been removed pursuant to s. 943.04354.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 775.0862, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.0862 Sexual offenses against students by authority figures; reclassification.—

(2) The felony degree of a violation of an offense listed in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a., unless the offense is a violation of s. 794.011(4)(e)7. or s. 810.145(8)(a)2., shall be reclassified as provided in this section if the offense is committed by an authority figure of a school against a student of the school.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 775.13, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.13 Registration of convicted felons, exemptions; penalties.—

(4) This section does not apply to an offender:

(a) Who has had his or her civil rights restored;

(b) Who has received a full pardon for the offense for which convicted;

(c) Who has been lawfully released from incarceration or other sentence or supervision for a felony conviction for more than 5 years prior to such time for registration, unless the offender is a fugitive from justice on a felony charge or has been convicted of any offense since release from such incarceration or other sentence or supervision;

(d) Who is a parolee or probationer under the supervision of the United States Parole Commission if the commission knows of and consents to the presence of the offender in Florida or is a probationer under the supervision of any federal probation officer in the state or who has been lawfully discharged from such parole or probation;

(e) Who is a sexual predator and has registered as required under s. 775.21;

(f) Who is a sexual offender and has registered as required in s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607; or

(g) Who is a career offender who has registered as required in s. 775.261 or s. 944.609.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (5) and paragraph (d) of subsection (10) of section 775.21, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

775.21 The Florida Sexual Predators Act.—

(5) **SEXUAL PREDATOR DESIGNATION.**—An offender is designated as a sexual predator as follows:

(d) A person who establishes or maintains a residence in this state and who has not been designated as a sexual predator by a court of this state but who has been designated as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in another state or jurisdiction and was, as a result of such designation, subjected to registration or community or public notification, or both, or would be if the person was a resident of that state or jurisdiction, without regard to whether the person otherwise meets the criteria for registration as a sexual offender, shall register in the manner provided in s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607 and shall be subject to community and public notification as provided in s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607. A person who meets the criteria of this section is subject to the requirements and penalty provisions of s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607 until the person provides the department with an order issued by the court that designated the person as a sexual predator, as a sexually violent predator, or by another sexual offender designation in the state or jurisdiction in which the order was issued which states that such designation has been removed or demonstrates to the department that such designation, if not imposed by a court, has been removed by operation of law or court order in the state or jurisdiction in which the designation was made, and provided such person no longer meets the criteria for registration as a sexual offender under the laws of this state.

(10) **PENALTIES.**—

(d) Any person who misuses public records information relating to a sexual predator, as defined in this section, or a sexual offender, as defined in s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607, to secure a payment from such a predator or offender; who knowingly distributes or publishes false information relating to such a predator or offender which the person misrepresents as being public records information; or who materially alters public records information with the intent to misrepresent the information, including documents, summaries of public records information provided by law enforcement agencies, or public records information displayed by law enforcement agencies on websites or provided through other means of communication, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 775.24, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.24 Duty of the court to uphold laws governing sexual predators and sexual offenders.—

(2) If a person meets the criteria in this chapter for designation as a sexual predator or meets the criteria in s. 943.0435, s. 944.606, s. 944.607, or any other law for classification as a sexual offender, the court may not enter an order, for the purpose of approving a plea agreement or for any other reason, which:

(a) Exempts a person who meets the criteria for designation as a sexual predator or classification as a sexual offender from such designation or classification, or exempts such person from the requirements for registration or community and public notification imposed upon sexual predators and sexual offenders;

(b) Restricts the compiling, reporting, or release of public records information that relates to sexual predators or sexual offenders; or

(c) Prevents any person or entity from performing its duties or operating within its statutorily conferred authority as such duty or authority relates to sexual predators or sexual offenders.

Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 775.25, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.25 Prosecutions for acts or omissions.—A sexual predator or sexual offender who commits any act or omission in violation of s. 775.21, s. 943.0435, s. 944.605, s. 944.606, s. 944.607, or former s. 947.177 may be prosecuted for the act or omission in the county in which the act or omission was committed, in the county of the last registered address of the sexual predator or sexual offender, in the county in which the conviction occurred for the offense or offenses that meet the criteria for designating a person as a sexual predator or sexual offender, in the county where the sexual predator or sexual offender was released from incarceration, or in the county of the intended address of the sexual predator or sexual offender as reported by the predator or offender prior to his or her release from incarceration. In addition, a sexual predator may be prosecuted for any such act or omission in the county in which he or she was designated a sexual predator.

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 775.261, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.261 The Florida Career Offender Registration Act.—

(3) CRITERIA FOR REGISTRATION AS A CAREER OFFENDER.—

(b) This section does not apply to any person who has been designated as a sexual predator and required to register under s. 775.21 or who is required

to register as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607. However, if a person is no longer required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607, the person must register as a career offender under this section if the person is otherwise designated as a career offender as provided in this section.

Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (cc) of subsection (2) of section 900.05, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

900.05 Criminal justice data collection.—

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(cc) “Sexual offender flag” means an indication that a defendant was required to register as a sexual predator as defined in s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender as defined in s. 943.0435.

Section 19. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (m) of subsection (2) of section 903.046, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

903.046 Purpose of and criteria for bail determination.—

(2) When determining whether to release a defendant on bail or other conditions, and what that bail or those conditions may be, the court shall consider:

(m) Whether the defendant, other than a defendant whose only criminal charge is a misdemeanor offense under chapter 316, is required to register as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 or a sexual predator under s. 775.21; and, if so, he or she is not eligible for release on bail or surety bond until the first appearance on the case in order to ensure the full participation of the prosecutor and the protection of the public.

Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 903.133, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

903.133 Bail on appeal; prohibited for certain felony convictions.— Notwithstanding s. 903.132, no person shall be admitted to bail pending review either by posttrial motion or appeal if he or she was adjudged guilty of:

(1) A felony of the first degree for a violation of s. 782.04(2) or (3), s. 787.01, s. 794.011(4), s. 806.01, s. 893.13, or s. 893.135;

(2) A violation of s. 794.011(2) or (3); or

(3) Any other offense requiring sexual offender registration under s. 943.0435(1)(h) or sexual predator registration under s. 775.21(4) when, at the time of the offense, the offender was 18 years of age or older and the victim was a minor.

Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 907.043, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

907.043 Pretrial release; citizens' right to know.—

(4)

(b) The annual report must contain, but need not be limited to:

1. The name, location, and funding sources of the pretrial release program, including the amount of public funds, if any, received by the pretrial release program.

2. The operating and capital budget of each pretrial release program receiving public funds.

3.a. The percentage of the pretrial release program's total budget representing receipt of public funds.

b. The percentage of the total budget which is allocated to assisting defendants obtain release through a nonpublicly funded program.

c. The amount of fees paid by defendants to the pretrial release program.

4. The number of persons employed by the pretrial release program.

5. The number of defendants assessed and interviewed for pretrial release.

6. The number of defendants recommended for pretrial release.

7. The number of defendants for whom the pretrial release program recommended against nonsecured release.

8. The number of defendants granted nonsecured release after the pretrial release program recommended nonsecured release.

9. The number of defendants assessed and interviewed for pretrial release who were declared indigent by the court.

10. The number of defendants accepted into a pretrial release program who paid a surety or cash bail or bond.

11. The number of defendants for whom a risk assessment tool was used in determining whether the defendant should be released pending the

disposition of the case and the number of defendants for whom a risk assessment tool was not used.

12. The specific statutory citation for each criminal charge related to a defendant whose case is accepted into a pretrial release program, including, at a minimum, the number of defendants charged with dangerous crimes as defined in s. 907.041; nonviolent felonies; or misdemeanors only. A “nonviolent felony” for purposes of this subparagraph excludes the commission of, an attempt to commit, or a conspiracy to commit any of the following:

- a. An offense enumerated in s. 775.084(1)(c);
- b. An offense that requires a person to register as a sexual predator in accordance with s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender in accordance with s. 943.0435;
- c. Failure to register as a sexual predator in violation of s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender in violation of s. 943.0435;
- d. Facilitating or furthering terrorism in violation of s. 775.31;
- e. A forcible felony as described in s. 776.08;
- f. False imprisonment in violation of s. 787.02;
- g. Burglary of a dwelling or residence in violation of s. 810.02(3);
- h. Abuse, aggravated abuse, and neglect of an elderly person or disabled adult in violation of s. 825.102;
- i. Abuse, aggravated abuse, and neglect of a child in violation of s. 827.03;
- j. Poisoning of food or water in violation of s. 859.01;
- k. Abuse of a dead human body in violation of s. 872.06;
- l. A capital offense in violation of chapter 893;
- m. An offense that results in serious bodily injury or death to another human; or
- n. A felony offense in which the defendant used a weapon or firearm in the commission of the offense.

13. The number of defendants accepted into a pretrial release program with no prior criminal conviction.

14. The name and case number of each person granted nonsecured release who:

- a. Failed to attend a scheduled court appearance.

- b. Was issued a warrant for failing to appear.
- c. Was arrested for any offense while on release through the pretrial release program.

15. Any additional information deemed necessary by the governing body to assess the performance and cost efficiency of the pretrial release program.

Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 938.10, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

938.10 Additional court cost imposed in cases of certain crimes.—

(1) If a person pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, any offense against a minor in violation of s. 784.085, chapter 787, chapter 794, former s. 796.03, former s. 796.035, s. 800.04, chapter 827, s. 847.012, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135(5), s. 847.0138, s. 847.0145, s. 893.147(3), or s. 985.701, or any offense in violation of s. 775.21, s. 823.07, s. 847.0125, s. 847.0134, or s. 943.0435, the court shall impose a court cost of \$151 against the offender in addition to any other cost or penalty required by law.

Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 943.0436, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.0436 Duty of the court to uphold laws governing sexual predators and sexual offenders.—

(2) If a person meets the criteria in chapter 775 for designation as a sexual predator or meets the criteria in s. 943.0435, s. 944.606, s. 944.607, or any other law for classification as a sexual offender, the court may not enter an order, for the purpose of approving a plea agreement or for any other reason, which:

(a) Exempts a person who meets the criteria for designation as a sexual predator or classification as a sexual offender from such designation or classification, or exempts such person from the requirements for registration or community and public notification imposed upon sexual predators and sexual offenders;

(b) Restricts the compiling, reporting, or release of public records information that relates to sexual predators or sexual offenders; or

(c) Prevents any person or entity from performing its duties or operating within its statutorily conferred authority as such duty or authority relates to sexual predators or sexual offenders.

Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 943.0584, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.0584 Criminal history records ineligible for court-ordered expunction or court-ordered sealing.—

(2) A criminal history record is ineligible for a certificate of eligibility for expunction or a court-ordered expunction pursuant to s. 943.0585 or a certificate of eligibility for sealing or a court-ordered sealing pursuant to s. 943.059 if the record is a conviction for any of the following offenses:

(a) Sexual misconduct, as defined in s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, or s. 916.1075;

(b) Illegal use of explosives, as defined in chapter 552;

(c) Terrorism, as defined in s. 775.30;

(d) Murder, as defined in s. 782.04, s. 782.065, or s. 782.09;

(e) Manslaughter or homicide, as defined in s. 782.07, s. 782.071, or s. 782.072;

(f) Assault or battery, as defined in ss. 784.011 and 784.03, respectively, of one family or household member by another family or household member, as defined in s. 741.28(3);

(g) Aggravated assault, as defined in s. 784.021;

(h) Felony battery, domestic battery by strangulation, or aggravated battery, as defined in ss. 784.03, 784.041, and 784.045, respectively;

(i) Stalking or aggravated stalking, as defined in s. 784.048;

(j) Luring or enticing a child, as defined in s. 787.025;

(k) Human trafficking, as defined in s. 787.06;

(l) Kidnapping or false imprisonment, as defined in s. 787.01 or s. 787.02;

(m) Any offense defined in chapter 794;

(n) Procuring a person less than 18 years of age for prostitution, as defined in former s. 796.03;

(o) Lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of persons less than 16 years of age, as defined in s. 800.04;

(p) Arson, as defined in s. 806.01;

(q) Burglary of a dwelling, as defined in s. 810.02;

(r) Voyeurism or video voyeurism, as defined in ss. 810.14 and 810.145, respectively;

(s) Robbery or robbery by sudden snatching, as defined in ss. 812.13 and 812.131, respectively;

(t) Carjacking, as defined in s. 812.133;

(u) Home-invasion robbery, as defined in s. 812.135;

(v) A violation of the Florida Communications Fraud Act, as provided in s. 817.034;

(w) Abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, or aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, as defined in s. 825.102;

(x) Lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or in the presence of an elderly person or disabled person, as defined in s. 825.1025;

(y) Child abuse or aggravated child abuse, as defined in s. 827.03;

(z) Sexual performance by a child, as defined in s. 827.071;

(aa) Any offense defined in chapter 839;

(bb) Certain acts in connection with obscenity, as defined in s. 847.0133;

(cc) Any offense defined in s. 847.0135;

(dd) Selling or buying of minors, as defined in s. 847.0145;

(ee) Aircraft piracy, as defined in s. 860.16;

(ff) Manufacturing a controlled substance in violation of chapter 893;

(gg) Drug trafficking, as defined in s. 893.135; or

(hh) Any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, or sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, without regard to whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such registration.

Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and subsection (9) of section 944.607, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

944.607 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on sexual offenders.—

(4) A sexual offender, as described in this section, who is under the supervision of the Department of Corrections but is not incarcerated shall register with the Department of Corrections within 3 business days after

sentencing for a registrable offense and otherwise provide information as required by this subsection.

(a) The sexual offender shall provide his or her name; date of birth; social security number; race; sex; height; weight; hair and eye color; tattoos or other identifying marks; all electronic mail addresses and Internet identifiers required to be provided pursuant to s. 943.0435(4)(e); employment information required to be provided pursuant to s. 943.0435(4)(e); all home telephone numbers and cellular telephone numbers required to be provided pursuant to s. 943.0435(4)(e); the make, model, color, vehicle identification number (VIN), and license tag number of all vehicles owned; permanent or legal residence and address of temporary residence within the state or out of state while the sexual offender is under supervision in this state, including any rural route address or post office box; if no permanent or temporary address, any transient residence within the state; and address, location or description, and dates of any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state. The sexual offender shall also produce his or her passport, if he or she has a passport, and, if he or she is an alien, shall produce or provide information about documents establishing his or her immigration status. The sexual offender shall also provide information about any professional licenses he or she has. The Department of Corrections shall verify the address of each sexual offender in the manner described in ss. 775.21 and 943.0435. The department shall report to the Department of Law Enforcement any failure by a sexual predator or sexual offender to comply with registration requirements.

(9) A sexual offender, as described in this section, who is under the supervision of the Department of Corrections but who is not incarcerated shall, in addition to the registration requirements provided in subsection (4), register and obtain a distinctive driver license or identification card in the manner provided in s. 943.0435(3), (4), and (5), unless the sexual offender is a sexual predator, in which case he or she shall register and obtain a distinctive driver license or identification card as required under s. 775.21. A sexual offender who fails to comply with the requirements of s. 943.0435 is subject to the penalties provided in s. 943.0435(9).

Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 948.06, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision.—

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a felony probationer or an offender in community control who is arrested for violating his or her probation or community control in a material respect may be taken before the court in the county or circuit in which the probationer or offender was arrested. That court shall advise him or her of the charge of a violation and, if such charge is admitted, shall cause him or her to be brought before the court that granted the probation or community control. If the violation is

not admitted by the probationer or offender, the court may commit him or her or release him or her with or without bail to await further hearing. However, if the probationer or offender is under supervision for any criminal offense proscribed in chapter 794, s. 800.04(4), (5), (6), s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, or is a registered sexual predator or a registered sexual offender, or is under supervision for a criminal offense for which he or she would meet the registration criteria in s. 775.21, s. 943.0435, or s. 944.607 but for the effective date of those sections, the court must make a finding that the probationer or offender is not a danger to the public prior to release with or without bail. In determining the danger posed by the offender's or probationer's release, the court may consider the nature and circumstances of the violation and any new offenses charged; the offender's or probationer's past and present conduct, including convictions of crimes; any record of arrests without conviction for crimes involving violence or sexual crimes; any other evidence of allegations of unlawful sexual conduct or the use of violence by the offender or probationer; the offender's or probationer's family ties, length of residence in the community, employment history, and mental condition; his or her history and conduct during the probation or community control supervision from which the violation arises and any other previous supervisions, including disciplinary records of previous incarcerations; the likelihood that the offender or probationer will engage again in a criminal course of conduct; the weight of the evidence against the offender or probationer; and any other facts the court considers relevant. The court, as soon as is practicable, shall give the probationer or offender an opportunity to be fully heard on his or her behalf in person or by counsel. After the hearing, the court shall make findings of fact and forward the findings to the court that granted the probation or community control and to the probationer or offender or his or her attorney. The findings of fact by the hearing court are binding on the court that granted the probation or community control. Upon the probationer or offender being brought before it, the court that granted the probation or community control may revoke, modify, or continue the probation or community control or may place the probationer into community control as provided in this section. However, the probationer or offender shall not be released and shall not be admitted to bail, but shall be brought before the court that granted the probation or community control if any violation of felony probation or community control other than a failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments is alleged to have been committed by:

- (a) A violent felony offender of special concern, as defined in this section;
- (b) A person who is on felony probation or community control for any offense committed on or after the effective date of this act and who is arrested for a qualifying offense as defined in this section; or
- (c) A person who is on felony probation or community control and has previously been found by a court to be a habitual violent felony offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(b), a three-time violent felony offender as defined in s. 775.084(1)(c), or a sexual predator under s. 775.21, and who is arrested for

committing a qualifying offense as defined in this section on or after the effective date of this act.

Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 948.063, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

948.063 Violations of probation or community control by designated sexual offenders and sexual predators.—

(1) If probation or community control for any felony offense is revoked by the court pursuant to s. 948.06(2)(e) and the offender is designated as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607 or as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21 for unlawful sexual activity involving a victim 15 years of age or younger and the offender is 18 years of age or older, and if the court imposes a subsequent term of supervision following the revocation of probation or community control, the court must order electronic monitoring as a condition of the subsequent term of probation or community control.

(2) If the probationer or offender is required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607 for unlawful sexual activity involving a victim 15 years of age or younger and the probationer or offender is 18 years of age or older and has violated the conditions of his or her probation or community control, but the court does not revoke the probation or community control, the court shall nevertheless modify the probation or community control to include electronic monitoring for any probationer or offender not then subject to electronic monitoring.

Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 948.31, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

948.31 Evaluation and treatment of sexual predators and offenders on probation or community control.—The court may require any probationer or community controllee who is required to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or sexual offender under s. 943.0435, s. 944.606, or s. 944.607 to undergo an evaluation, at the probationer or community controllee's expense, by a qualified practitioner to determine whether such probationer or community controllee needs sexual offender treatment. If the qualified practitioner determines that sexual offender treatment is needed and recommends treatment, the probationer or community controllee must successfully complete and pay for the treatment. Such treatment must be obtained from a qualified practitioner as defined in s. 948.001. Treatment may not be administered by a qualified practitioner who has been convicted or adjudicated delinquent of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any offense that is listed in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a.(I).

Section 29. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,

paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 985.04, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

985.04 Oaths; records; confidential information.—

(6)

(b) Sexual offender and predator registration information as required in ss. 775.21, 943.0435, 944.606, 944.607, 985.481, and 985.4815 is a public record pursuant to s. 119.07(1) and as otherwise provided by law.

Section 30. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (9) and paragraph (c) of subsection (10) of section 985.4815, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

985.4815 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on juvenile sexual offenders.—

(9) A sexual offender, as described in this section, who is under the care, jurisdiction, or supervision of the department but who is not incarcerated shall, in addition to the registration requirements provided in subsection (4), register in the manner provided in s. 943.0435(3), (4), and (5), unless the sexual offender is a sexual predator, in which case he or she shall register as required under s. 775.21. A sexual offender who fails to comply with the requirements of s. 943.0435 is subject to the penalties provided in s. 943.0435(9).

(10)

(c) An arrest on charges of failure to register when the offender has been provided and advised of his or her statutory obligations to register under s. 943.0435(2), the service of an information or a complaint for a violation of this section, or an arraignment on charges for a violation of this section constitutes actual notice of the duty to register. A sexual offender's failure to immediately register as required by this section following such arrest, service, or arraignment constitutes grounds for a subsequent charge of failure to register. A sexual offender charged with the crime of failure to register who asserts, or intends to assert, a lack of notice of the duty to register as a defense to a charge of failure to register shall immediately register as required by this section. A sexual offender who is charged with a subsequent failure to register may not assert the defense of a lack of notice of the duty to register.

Section 31. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 1012.467, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1012.467 Noninstructional contractors who are permitted access to school grounds when students are present; background screening

requirements.—

(2)

(g) A noninstructional contractor for whom a criminal history check is required under this section may not have been convicted of any of the following offenses designated in the Florida Statutes, any similar offense in another jurisdiction, or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former provision of the Florida Statutes to one of the following offenses:

1. Any offense listed in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1., relating to the registration of an individual as a sexual offender.
2. Section 393.135, relating to sexual misconduct with certain developmentally disabled clients and the reporting of such sexual misconduct.
3. Section 394.4593, relating to sexual misconduct with certain mental health patients and the reporting of such sexual misconduct.
4. Section 775.30, relating to terrorism.
5. Section 782.04, relating to murder.
6. Section 787.01, relating to kidnapping.
7. Any offense under chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent exposure.
8. Section 826.04, relating to incest.
9. Section 827.03, relating to child abuse, aggravated child abuse, or neglect of a child.

Section 32. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Approved by the Governor June 22, 2021.

Filed in Office Secretary of State June 22, 2021.