CHAPTER 2023-40

Committee Substitute for
Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1718

An act relating to immigration; creating ss. 125.0156 and 166.246, F.S.; prohibiting counties and municipalities, respectively, from providing funds to any person, entity, or organization to issue identification documents to an individual who does not provide proof of lawful presence in the United States; creating s. 322.033, F.S.; specifying that certain driver licenses and permits issued by other states exclusively to unauthorized immigrants are not valid in this state; requiring law enforcement officers and authorized representatives of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to cite a person driving with a specified invalid license; requiring the department to maintain a list on its website of out-of-state classes of driver licenses that are invalid in this state; amending s. 322.04, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which certain persons are exempt from obtaining a driver license; creating s. 395.3027, F.S.; requiring certain hospitals to collect patient immigration status data information on admission or registration forms; requiring hospitals to submit quarterly reports to the Agency for Health Care Administration containing specified information; requiring the agency to submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature containing specified information; authorizing the agency to adopt rules; prohibiting rules requiring the disclosure of certain information; amending s. 448.09, F.S.; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to enter a certain order and require repayment of certain economic development incentives if the department finds or is notified that an employer has knowingly employed an unauthorized alien without verifying the employment eligibility of such person; deleting provisions relating to a first violation of specified provisions; providing penalties, including a probationary period and suspension and revocation of all licenses of employers; deleting criminal penalties for second and subsequent violations of specified provisions; deleting a provision providing construction; providing criminal penalties for certain aliens who knowingly use false identification documents or who fraudulently use identification documents of another person for the purpose of obtaining employment; making technical changes; amending s. 448.095, F.S.; revising definitions; requiring an employer to verify a new employee’s employment eligibility within 3 business days after the first day the new employee begins working for pay; requiring public agencies to use the E-Verify system to verify a new employee’s employment eligibility; requiring private employers with a certain number of employees to use the E-Verify system to verify a new employee’s employment eligibility, beginning on a certain date; requiring employers to certify use of the E-Verify system on unemployment compensation or reemployment assistance system returns; requiring employers to use a certain form if the E-Verify system is unavailable; requiring employers to retain specified documentation for a certain CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
number of years; prohibiting an employer from continuing to employ an unauthorized alien after obtaining knowledge that a person is or has become an unauthorized alien; providing an exception; authorizing specified persons or entities to request, and requiring an employer to provide, copies of specified documentation; creating a certain rebuttable presumption that the employer has not violated specified provisions with respect to the employment of an unauthorized alien; requiring a public agency to require in any contract that a contractor or subcontractor register with and use the E-Verify system; prohibiting a public agency, contractor, or subcontractor from entering into a contract unless each party to the contract registers with and uses the E-Verify system; requiring the termination of certain contracts under specified conditions; authorizing a public agency, contractor, or subcontractor to file a cause of action to challenge a termination; specifying required departmental action to ensure compliance with specified provisions; requiring the department to impose fines against employers under certain circumstances; providing for the deposit of such fines; providing construction; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 454.021, F.S.; deleting a provision authorizing an unauthorized immigrant to obtain a license to practice law in this state under certain circumstances; providing applicability; amending s. 787.07, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for persons who knowingly and willfully violate, or who reasonably should know and violate, certain provisions relating to the transporting into this state of individuals who entered the United States unlawfully and without inspection by the Federal Government; providing criminal penalties for persons who transport minors into this state in violation of certain provisions; providing for enhanced criminal penalties; defining the term “conviction”; providing circumstances that give rise to a certain inference; requiring that persons who violate certain provisions be held in custody; making technical changes; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term “racketeering activity”; amending s. 908.104, F.S.; specifying that a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency, or an employee, an agent, or a representative of the entity or agency, may not prohibit or in any way restrict a law enforcement agency from sending the applicable information obtained pursuant to certain provisions to a federal immigration agency; amending s. 943.03, F.S.; requiring the Department of Law Enforcement to coordinate and direct the law enforcement, initial emergency, and other initial responses in matters dealing with federal immigration law enforcement and responses to immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state; amending s. 943.03101, F.S.; revising legislative findings and determinations; amending s. 943.0311, F.S.; revising the required duties of the Chief of Domestic Security; requiring the chief to regularly coordinate random audits pursuant to specified provisions and notify the Department of Economic Opportunity of any violations; amending s. 943.0312, F.S.; revising legislative findings; requiring that each task force cooperate with and
provide assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws within or affecting this state in compliance with specified provisions, in accordance with the state’s domestic security strategic goals and objectives; requiring the Chief of Domestic Security to, in conjunction with specified entities, identify appropriate equipment and training needs, curricula, and materials related to the effective response to immigration enforcement incidents; requiring that each regional domestic security task force, working in conjunction with specified entities, work to ensure that hate-driven acts against ethnic groups that may have been targeted as a result of immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state are appropriately investigated and responded to; amending s. 943.0313, F.S.; revising legislative findings; requiring the Domestic Security Oversight Council to make recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature regarding the expenditure of funds and allocation of resources related to cooperating with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws; expanding the list of persons whom the council may invite to attend and participate in its meetings as ex officio, nonvoting members; revising the duties of the council; amending s. 943.325, F.S.; revising the definition of the term “qualifying offender” to include certain persons who are the subject of an immigration detainer issued by a federal immigration agency; requiring certain qualifying offenders to submit DNA samples at a specified time; requiring law enforcement agencies to immediately take DNA samples from certain qualifying offenders under certain circumstances; amending ss. 394.9082 and 409.996, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an appropriation; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 125.0156, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

125.0156 Restriction on providing funds for identification documents. A county may not provide funds to any person, entity, or organization for the purpose of issuing an identification card or document to an individual who does not provide proof of lawful presence in the United States.

Section 2. Section 166.246, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

166.246 Restriction on providing funds for identification documents.—A municipality may not provide funds to any person, entity, or organization for the purpose of issuing an identification card or document to an individual who does not provide proof of lawful presence in the United States.

Section 3. Section 322.033, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

322.033 Unauthorized aliens; invalid out-of-state driver licenses.—

(1) If a driver license is of a class of licenses issued by another state exclusively to undocumented immigrants who are unable to prove lawful
presence in the United States when the licenses are issued, the driver license, or other permit purporting to authorize the holder to operate a motor vehicle on public roadways, is invalid in this state and does not authorize the holder to operate a motor vehicle in this state. Such classes of licenses include licenses that are issued exclusively to undocumented immigrants or licenses that are substantially the same as licenses issued to citizens, residents, or those lawfully present in the United States but have markings establishing that the license holder did not exercise the option of providing proof of lawful presence.

(2) A law enforcement officer or other authorized representative of the department who stops a person driving with an invalid license as described in subsection (1) and driving without a valid license shall issue a citation to the driver for driving without a license in violation of s. 322.03.

(3) The department, to facilitate the enforcement of this section and to aid in providing notice to the public and visitors of invalid licenses, shall maintain on its website a list of out-of-state classes of driver licenses that are invalid in this state.

Section 4. Section 322.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.04 Persons exempt from obtaining driver license.—

(1) The following persons are exempt from obtaining a driver license:

(a) Any employee of the United States Government, while operating a noncommercial motor vehicle owned by or leased to the United States Government and being operated on official business.

(b) Any person while driving or operating any road machine, farm tractor, or implement of husbandry temporarily operated or moved on a highway.

(c) A nonresident who is at least 16 years of age and who has in his or her immediate possession a valid noncommercial driver license issued to the nonresident in his or her home state or country operating a motor vehicle of the type for which a Class E driver license is required in this state, if the nonresident’s license is not invalid under s. 322.033 relating to proof of the licensee’s lawful presence in the United States.

(d) A nonresident who is at least 18 years of age and who has in his or her immediate possession a valid noncommercial driver license issued to the nonresident in his or her home state or country operating a motor vehicle, other than a commercial motor vehicle, in this state, if the nonresident’s license is not invalid under s. 322.033 relating to proof of the licensee’s lawful presence in the United States.

(e) Any person operating a golf cart, as defined in s. 320.01, which is operated in accordance with the provisions of s. 316.212.

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This section does not apply to any person to whom s. 322.031 applies.

Any person working for a firm under contract to the United States Government whose residence is outside this state and whose main point of employment is outside this state may drive a noncommercial vehicle on the public roads of this state for periods up to 60 days while in this state on temporary duty, if the person has a valid driver license from the state of the person’s residence and if the license is not invalid under s. 322.033 relating to proof of the licensee’s lawful presence in the United States.

Section 5. Section 395.3027, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

395.3027 Patient immigration status data collection.—

(1) Each hospital that accepts Medicaid must include a provision on its patient admission or registration forms for the patient or the patient’s representative to state or indicate whether the patient is a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States or is not lawfully present in the United States. The inquiry must be followed by a statement that the response will not affect patient care or result in a report of the patient’s immigration status to immigration authorities.

(2) Each hospital must submit a quarterly report to the agency within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter which reports the number of hospital admissions or emergency department visits within the previous quarter which were made by a patient who indicated that he or she was a citizen of the United States or lawfully present in the United States, was not lawfully present in the United States, or declined to answer.

(3) By March 1 of each year, the agency shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which includes the total number of hospital admissions and emergency department visits for the previous calendar year for which the patient or patient’s representative reported that the patient was a citizen of the United States or lawfully present in the United States, was not lawfully present in the United States, or declined to answer. The report must also describe information relating to the costs of uncompensated care for aliens who are not lawfully present in the United States, the impact of uncompensated care on the cost or ability of hospitals to provide services to the public, hospital funding needs, and other related information.

(4) The agency may adopt rules relating to the format and information to be contained in quarterly reports and the acceptable formats for hospitals to use in requesting information regarding a patient’s immigration status on hospital admission or registration forms. The rules may not require the disclosure of patient names or any other personal identifying information to the agency.

Section 6. Effective July 1, 2024, section 448.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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Unauthorized aliens; employment prohibited.—

(1) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly employ, hire, recruit, or refer, either for herself or himself or on behalf of another, for private or public employment within this state, an alien who is not duly authorized to work by the immigration laws of the United States, or the Attorney General of the United States, or the United States Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security.

(2) If the Department of Economic Opportunity finds or is notified by an entity specified in s. 448.095(3)(a) that an employer has knowingly employed an unauthorized alien without verifying the employment eligibility of such person, the department must enter an order pursuant to chapter 120 making such determination and require repayment of any economic development incentive pursuant to s. 288.061(6). The first violation of subsection (1) shall be a noncriminal violation as defined in s. 775.08(3) and, upon conviction, shall be punishable as provided in s. 775.082(5) by a civil fine of not more than $500, regardless of the number of aliens with respect to whom the violation occurred.

(3) For a violation of this section, the department shall place the employer on probation for a 1-year period and require that the employer report quarterly to the department to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of subsection (1) and s. 448.095.

(4) Any violation of this section which takes place within 24 months after a previous violation constitutes grounds for the suspension or revocation of all licenses issued by a licensing agency subject to chapter 120. The department shall take the following actions for a violation involving:

(a) One to 10 unauthorized aliens, suspension of all applicable licenses held by a private employer for up to 30 days by the respective agencies that issued them.

(b) Eleven to 50 unauthorized aliens, suspension of all applicable licenses held by a private employer for up to 60 days by the respective agencies that issued them.

(c) More than 50 unauthorized aliens, revocation of all applicable licenses held by a private employer by the respective agencies that issued them. Any person who has been previously convicted for a violation of subsection (1) and who thereafter violates subsection (1), shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any such subsequent violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense with respect to each unauthorized alien.

(5) An alien who is not duly authorized to work by the immigration laws of the United States, the Attorney General of the United States, or the United States Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security and who knowingly uses a false identification document or who fraudulently uses an
identification document of another person for the purpose of obtaining employment commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 7. Effective upon becoming a law, section 448.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See s. 448.095, F.S., for present text.)

448.095 Employment eligibility.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(a) “Contractor” means a person or an entity that has entered or is attempting to enter into a contract with a public agency to provide labor, supplies, or services to such agency in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration.

(b) “Employee” means an individual filling a permanent position who performs labor or services under the control or direction of an employer that has the power or right to control and direct the employee in the material details of how the work is to be performed in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration. An individual hired for casual labor, as defined in s. 443.036, which is to be performed entirely within a private residence is not an employee of an occupant or owner of a private residence. An independent contractor, as defined in federal laws or regulations, hired to perform a specified portion of labor or services is not an employee.

(c) “E-Verify system” means an Internet-based system operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security which allows participating employers to electronically verify the employment eligibility of new employees.

(d) “Public agency” means any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, district, public body, body politic, state, county, city, town, village, municipality, or any other separate unit of government created or established pursuant to law, and any other public or private agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity acting on behalf of any public agency.

(e) “Subcontractor” means a person or an entity that provides labor, supplies, or services to or for a contractor or another subcontractor in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration.

(f) “Unauthorized alien” means an individual who is not authorized under federal law to be employed in the United States, as described in 8 U.S.C. s. 1324a(h)(3). The term must be interpreted consistently with that section and any applicable federal rules or regulations.
(2) EMPLOYMENT VERIFICATION.—

(a) An employer shall verify each new employee’s employment eligibility within 3 business days after the first day that the new employee begins working for pay as required under 8 C.F.R. s. 274a.

(b) 1. A public agency shall use the E-Verify system to verify a new employee’s employment eligibility as required under paragraph (a).

   2. Beginning on July 1, 2023, a private employer with 25 or more employees shall use the E-Verify system to verify a new employee’s employment eligibility as required under paragraph (a).

   3. Each employer required to use the E-Verify system under this paragraph must certify on its first return each calendar year to the tax service provider that it is in compliance with this section when making contributions to or reimbursing the state’s unemployment compensation or reemployment assistance system. An employer that voluntarily uses the E-Verify system may also make such a certification on its first return each calendar year in order to document such use.

(c) If the E-Verify system is unavailable for 3 business days after the first day that the new employee begins working for pay and an employer cannot access the system to verify a new employee’s employment eligibility, the employer must use the Employment Eligibility Verification form (Form I-9) to verify employment eligibility. The unavailability of the E-Verify system does not bar the employer from using the rebuttable presumption established in paragraph (4)(a). An employer must document the unavailability of the E-Verify system by retaining a screenshot from each day which shows the employer’s lack of access to the system, a public announcement that the E-Verify system is not available, or any other communication or notice recorded by the employer regarding the unavailability of the system.

(d) The employer must retain a copy of the documentation provided and any official verification generated, if applicable, for at least 3 years.

(e) An employer may not continue to employ an unauthorized alien after obtaining knowledge that a person is or has become an unauthorized alien.

(f) An employee leasing company licensed under part XI of chapter 468 which enters into a written agreement or understanding with a client company which places the primary obligation for compliance with this section upon the client company is not required to verify employment eligibility of any new employees of the client company. In the absence of a written agreement or understanding, the employee leasing company is responsible for compliance with this section. Such employee leasing company shall, at all times, remain an employer as otherwise defined in federal laws or regulations.

(3) ENFORCEMENT.—

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(a) For the purpose of enforcement of this section, any of the following persons or entities may request, and an employer must provide, copies of any documentation relied upon by the employer for the verification of a new employee’s employment eligibility:

1. The Department of Law Enforcement;

2. The Attorney General;

3. The state attorney in the circuit in which the new employee works;

4. The statewide prosecutor; or

5. The Department of Economic Opportunity.

(b) A person or an entity that makes a request under paragraph (a) must rely upon the Federal Government to verify an employee’s employment eligibility and may not independently make a final determination as to whether an employee is an unauthorized alien.

(4) DEFENSES.—

(a) An employer that uses the E-Verify system or, if that system is unavailable, the Employment Eligibility Verification form (Form I-9) as provided in paragraph (2)(c), with respect to the employment of an unauthorized alien has established a rebuttable presumption that the employer has not violated s. 448.09 with respect to such employment.

(b) An employer that uses the same documentation that is required by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services on its Employment Eligibility Verification form (Form I-9) with respect to the employment of an unauthorized alien, has established an affirmative defense that the employer has not violated s. 448.09 with respect to such employment.

(5) PUBLIC AGENCY CONTRACTING.—

(a) A public agency must require in any contract that the contractor, and any subcontractor thereof, register with and use the E-Verify system to verify the work authorization status of all new employees of the contractor or subcontractor. A public agency or a contractor or subcontractor thereof may not enter into a contract unless each party to the contract registers with and uses the E-Verify system.

(b) If a contractor enters into a contract with a subcontractor, the subcontractor must provide the contractor with an affidavit stating that the subcontractor does not employ, contract with, or subcontract with an unauthorized alien. The contractor shall maintain a copy of such affidavit for the duration of the contract.

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(c) 1. A public agency, contractor, or subcontractor who has a good faith belief that a person or an entity with which it is contracting has knowingly violated s. 448.09(1) shall terminate the contract with the person or entity.

2. A public agency that has a good faith belief that a subcontractor knowingly violated this subsection, but the contractor otherwise complied with this subsection, shall promptly notify the contractor and order the contractor to immediately terminate the contract with the subcontractor.

3. A contract terminated under this paragraph is not a breach of contract and may not be considered as such. If a public agency terminates a contract with a contractor under this paragraph, the contractor may not be awarded a public contract for at least 1 year after the date on which the contract was terminated. A contractor is liable for any additional costs incurred by a public agency as a result of the termination of a contract.

(d) A public agency, contractor, or subcontractor may file a cause of action with a circuit or county court to challenge a termination under paragraph (c) no later than 20 calendar days after the date on which the contract was terminated.

(6) COMPLIANCE.—

(a) In addition to the requirements under s. 288.061(6), beginning on July 1, 2024, if the Department of Economic Opportunity determines that an employer failed to use the E-Verify system to verify the employment eligibility of employees as required under this section, the department must notify the employer of the department's determination of noncompliance and provide the employer with 30 days to cure the noncompliance.

(b) If the Department of Economic Opportunity determines that an employer failed to use the E-Verify system as required under this section three times in any 24-month period, the department must impose a fine of $1,000 per day until the employer provides sufficient proof to the department that the noncompliance is cured. Noncompliance constitutes grounds for the suspension of all licenses issues by a licensing agency subject to chapter 120 until the noncompliance is cured.

(c) Fines collected under this subsection must be deposited into the State Economic Enhancement and Development Trust Fund for use by the department for employer outreach and public notice of the state’s employment verification laws.

(7) CONSTRUCTION.—

(a) This section must be enforced without regard to race, color, or national origin and must be construed in a manner so as to be fully consistent with any applicable federal laws or regulations.

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(b) The requirements to use the E-Verify system under this section do not apply in any federal fiscal year in which the system is not funded by the Federal Government.

(c) This section shall expire 60 days after the E-Verify system is no longer a pilot program, and the Federal Government requires the use of the E-Verify system by all employers in the United States.

Section 8. Effective November 1, 2028, subsection (3) of section 454.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

454.021 Attorneys; admission to practice law; Supreme Court to govern and regulate.—

(3) Upon certification by the Florida Board of Bar Examiners that an applicant who is an unauthorized immigrant who was brought to the United States as a minor, has been present in the United States for more than 10 years; has received documented employment authorization from the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS); has been issued a social security number; if a male, has registered with the Selective Service System if required to do so under the Military Selective Service Act, 50 U.S.C. App. 453; and has fulfilled all requirements for admission to practice law in this state, the Supreme Court of Florida may admit that applicant as an attorney at law authorized to practice in this state and may direct an order be entered upon the court’s records to that effect.

Section 9. The repeal of s. 454.021(3), Florida Statutes, by this act does not affect the validity of any license to practice law issued pursuant to that subsection before November 1, 2028.

Section 10. Section 787.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

787.07 Human smuggling.—

(1) Except as provided in subsections (3), (4), and (5), a person who knowingly and willfully transports into this state an individual whom the person knows, or reasonably should know, has entered is illegally entering the United States in violation of law and has not been inspected by the Federal Government since his or her unlawful entry from another country commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(2) A person commits a separate offense for each individual he or she transports into this state in violation of this section.

(3) A person who transports a minor into this state in violation of subsection (1) commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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(4) A person who commits five or more separate offenses under this section during a single episode commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(5)(a) A person with a prior conviction under this section who commits a subsequent violation of this section commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(b) As used in paragraph (a), the term “conviction” means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea agreement or a trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld or a plea of nolo contendere is entered.

(6) Proof that a person knowingly and willfully presented false identification or gave false information to a law enforcement officer who is conducting an investigation for a violation of this section gives rise to an inference that such person was aware that the transported individual has entered the United States in violation of the law and had not been inspected by the Federal Government since his or her unlawful entry.

(7) A person who is arrested for a violation of this section must be held in custody until brought before the court for admittance to pretrial release in accordance with chapter 903.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:

(8) “Racketeering activity” means to commit, to attempt to commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or intimidate another person to commit:

(a) Any crime that is chargeable by petition, indictment, or information under the following provisions of the Florida Statutes:

1. Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of cigarette taxes.

2. Section 316.1935, relating to fleeing or attempting to elude a law enforcement officer and aggravated fleeing or eluding.

3. Chapter 379, relating to the illegal sale, purchase, collection, harvest, capture, or possession of wild animal life, freshwater aquatic life, or marine life, and related crimes.

4. Section 403.727(3)(b), relating to environmental control.

5. Section 409.920 or s. 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud.

6. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.

7. Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers’ compensation.

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8. Section 443.071(4), relating to creation of a fictitious employer scheme to commit reemployment assistance fraud.

9. Section 465.0161, relating to distribution of medicinal drugs without a permit as an Internet pharmacy.

10. Section 499.0051, relating to crimes involving contraband, adulterated, or misbranded drugs.

11. Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.

12. Chapter 517, relating to sale of securities and investor protection.

13. Section 550.235 or s. 550.3551, relating to dogracing and horse-racing.


15. Section 551.109, relating to slot machine gaming.

16. Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture, distribution, and use of explosives.

17. Chapter 560, relating to money transmitters, if the violation is punishable as a felony.

18. Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement.

19. Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., relating to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer welfare arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to representing or aiding an unauthorized insurer.

20. Section 655.50, relating to reports of currency transactions, when such violation is punishable as a felony.

21. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious practices.

22. Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating to real estate timeshare plans.

23. Section 775.13(5)(b), relating to registration of persons found to have committed any offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal gang.

24. Section 777.03, relating to commission of crimes by accessories after the fact.

25. Chapter 782, relating to homicide.

26. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery.
27. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping, human smuggling, or human trafficking.

28. Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms.

29. Chapter 794, relating to sexual battery, but only if such crime was committed with the intent to benefit, promote, or further the interests of a criminal gang, or for the purpose of increasing a criminal gang member's own standing or position within a criminal gang.

30. Former s. 796.03, former s. 796.035, s. 796.04, s. 796.05, or s. 796.07, relating to prostitution.

31. Chapter 806, relating to arson and criminal mischief.

32. Chapter 810, relating to burglary and trespass.

33. Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related crimes.

34. Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.

35. Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices, false pretenses, fraud generally, credit card crimes, and patient brokering.

36. Chapter 825, relating to abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult.

37. Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual exploitation of children.

38. Section 828.122, relating to fighting or baiting animals.

39. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and counterfeiting.

40. Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless checks and drafts.

41. Section 836.05, relating to extortion.

42. Chapter 837, relating to perjury.

43. Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of public office.

44. Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice.

45. Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 847.06, or s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and profanity.

46. Chapter 849, relating to gambling, lottery, gambling or gaming devices, slot machines, or any of the provisions within that chapter.

47. Chapter 874, relating to criminal gangs.

48. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and control.

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49. Chapter 896, relating to offenses related to financial transactions.

50. Sections 914.22 and 914.23, relating to tampering with or harassing a witness, victim, or informant, and retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant.

51. Sections 918.12 and 918.13, relating to tampering with jurors and evidence.

Section 12. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (2) of section 908.104, Florida Statutes, to read:

908.104 Cooperation with federal immigration authorities.—

(2) Except as otherwise expressly prohibited by federal law, a state entity, local governmental entity, or law enforcement agency, or an employee, an agent, or a representative of the entity or agency, may not prohibit or in any way restrict a law enforcement agency from taking any of the following actions with respect to information regarding a person's immigration status:

(f) Sending the applicable information obtained pursuant to enforcement of s. 448.095 to a federal immigration agency.

Section 13. Subsection (14) of section 943.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.03 Department of Law Enforcement.—

(14) The department, with respect to counter-terrorism efforts, responses to acts of terrorism within or affecting this state, coordinating with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws, responses to immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state, and other matters related to the domestic security of Florida as it relates to terrorism and immigration enforcement incidents, shall coordinate and direct the law enforcement, initial emergency, and other initial responses. The department shall work closely with the Division of Emergency Management, other federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, fire and rescue agencies, first-responder agencies, and others involved in preparation against acts of terrorism in or affecting this state, immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state, and in the response to such acts or incidents. The executive director of the department, or another member of the department designated by the director, shall serve as Chief of Domestic Security for the purpose of directing and coordinating such efforts. The department and Chief of Domestic Security shall use the regional domestic security task forces as established in this chapter to assist in such efforts.

Section 14. Section 943.03101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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943.03101 Counter-terrorism and immigration enforcement coordination.—The Legislature finds that with respect to counter-terrorism efforts and initial responses to acts of terrorism within or affecting this state, coordinating with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws, and responses to immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state, specialized efforts of emergency management which are unique to such situations are required and that these efforts intrinsically involve very close coordination of federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies with the efforts of all others involved in emergency-response efforts. In order to best provide this specialized effort, the Legislature has determined that such efforts should be coordinated by and through the Department of Law Enforcement, working closely with the Division of Emergency Management and others involved in preparation against acts of terrorism in or affecting this state, immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state, and in the initial response to such acts, in accordance with the state comprehensive emergency management plan prepared pursuant to s. 252.35(2)(a).

Section 15. Present subsections (2) through (7) of section 943.0311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3) through (8), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that section, and subsection (1) and present subsection (3) of that section are amended, to read:

943.0311 Chief of Domestic Security; duties of the department with respect to domestic security.—

(1) The executive director of the department, or a member of the department designated by the executive director, shall serve as the Chief of Domestic Security. The Chief of Domestic Security shall:

(a) Coordinate the efforts of the department in the ongoing assessment of this state’s vulnerability to, and ability to detect, prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from, acts of terrorism within or affecting this state and immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state.

(b) Prepare recommendations for the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, which are based upon ongoing assessments to limit the vulnerability of the state to terrorism and immigration enforcement incidents.

(c) Coordinate the collection of proposals to limit the vulnerability of the state to terrorism and immigration enforcement incidents.

(d) Use regional task forces to support the duties of the department set forth in this section.

(e) Use public or private resources to perform the duties assigned to the department under this section.

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(2) The chief shall regularly coordinate random audits pursuant to s. 448.095 to ensure compliance and enforcement and shall notify the Department of Economic Opportunity of any violations.

(4)(3) The chief shall report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1 of each year suggestions for specific and significant security enhancements of any building, facility, or structure owned or leased by a state agency, state university, or community college or any entity that has conducted an assessment under subsection (6) (5). The chief may utilize the assessments provided under subsection (6) (5) in making his or her suggestions. The report shall suggest strategies to maximize federal funds in support of building or facility security if such funds are available.

Section 16. Section 943.0312, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.0312 Regional domestic security task forces.—The Legislature finds that there is a need to develop and implement a statewide strategy to address prevention, preparation, protection, response, and recovery efforts by federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, emergency management agencies, fire and rescue departments, first-responder personnel, and others in dealing with potential or actual terrorist acts within or affecting this state or potential or actual immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state.

(1) To assist the department and the Chief of Domestic Security in performing their roles and duties in this regard, the department shall establish a regional domestic security task force in each of the department’s operational regions. The task forces shall serve in an advisory capacity to the department and the Chief of Domestic Security and shall provide support to the department in its performance of functions pertaining to domestic security.

(a) Subject to annual appropriation, the department shall provide dedicated employees to support the function of each regional domestic security task force.

(b) Each task force shall be co-chaired by the department’s special agent in charge of the operational region in which the task force is located and by a local sheriff or chief of police from within the operational region.

(c) Each task force membership may also include representatives of state and local law enforcement agencies, fire and rescue departments, or first-responder personnel; representatives of emergency management agencies and health, medical, and hospital agencies; representatives of local emergency planning committees; and other persons as deemed appropriate and necessary by the task force co-chairs.

(d) The co-chairs of each task force may appoint subcommittees and subcommittee chairs as necessary in order to address issues related to the
various disciplines represented on the task force, except that subcommittee chairs for emergency management shall be appointed with the approval of the director of the Division of Emergency Management. A subcommittee chair shall serve at the pleasure of the co-chairs.

(2) In accordance with the state’s domestic security strategic goals and objectives, each task force shall coordinate efforts to counter terrorism, as defined by s. 775.30, and cooperate with and provide assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws within or affecting this state in compliance with chapter 908, among local, state, and federal resources to ensure that such efforts are not fragmented or unnecessarily duplicated; coordinate training for local and state personnel to counter terrorism as defined in by s. 775.30; and cooperate with and provide assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws within or affecting this state in compliance with chapter 908; coordinate the collection and dissemination of investigative and intelligence information; and facilitate responses to terrorist incidents within or affecting each region and immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting each region. With the approval of the Chief of Domestic Security, the task forces may incorporate other objectives reasonably related to the goals of enhancing the state’s domestic security and ability to detect, prevent, and respond to acts of terrorism within or affecting this state or immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state. Each task force shall take into account the variety of conditions and resources present within its region.

(3) The Chief of Domestic Security, in conjunction with the Division of Emergency Management, the regional domestic security task forces, and the various state entities responsible for establishing training standards applicable to state law enforcement officers and fire, emergency, and first-responder personnel shall identify appropriate equipment and training needs, curricula, and materials related to the effective response to suspected or actual acts of terrorism, immigration enforcement incidents, or incidents involving real or hoax weapons of mass destruction as defined in s. 790.166. Recommendations for funding for purchases of equipment, delivery of training, implementation of, or revision to basic or continued training required for state licensure or certification, or other related responses shall be made by the Chief of Domestic Security to the Domestic Security Oversight Council, the Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives as necessary to ensure that the needs of this state with regard to the preparing, equipping, training, and exercising of response personnel are identified and addressed. In making such recommendations, the Chief of Domestic Security and the Division of Emergency Management shall identify all funding sources that may be available to fund such efforts.

(4) Each regional domestic security task force, working in conjunction with the department, the Office of the Attorney General, and other public or private entities, shall work to ensure that hate-driven acts against ethnic groups that may have been targeted as a result of acts of terrorism in or
affecting this state, or as a result of immigration enforcement incidents within or affecting this state, are appropriately investigated and responded to.

(5) Members of each regional domestic security task force may not receive any pay other than their salaries normally received from their employers, but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061.

(6) Subject to annual appropriation, the department shall provide staff and administrative support for the regional domestic security task forces.

Section 17. Section 943.0313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.0313 Domestic Security Oversight Council.—The Legislature finds that there exists a need to provide executive direction and leadership with respect to terrorism and immigration enforcement incident prevention, preparation, protection, response, and recovery efforts by state and local agencies in this state. In recognition of this need, the Domestic Security Oversight Council is hereby created. The council shall serve as an advisory council pursuant to s. 20.03(7) to provide guidance to the state’s regional domestic security task forces and other domestic security working groups and to make recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature regarding the expenditure of funds and allocation of resources related to counter-terrorism and cooperating with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws and domestic security efforts.

(1) MEMBERSHIP.—

(a) The Domestic Security Oversight Council shall consist of the following voting members:

1. The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement.
2. The director of the Division of Emergency Management.
3. The Attorney General.
4. The Commissioner of Agriculture.
5. The State Surgeon General.
6. The Commissioner of Education.
7. The State Fire Marshal.
8. The adjutant general of the Florida National Guard.
9. The state chief information officer.

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10. Each sheriff or chief of police who serves as a co-chair of a regional domestic security task force pursuant to s. 943.0312(1)(b).

11. Each of the department’s special agents in charge who serve as a co-chair of a regional domestic security task force.


15. The chair of the Statewide Domestic Security Intelligence Committee.

16. One representative of the Florida Hospital Association.

17. One representative of the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council.


(b) In addition to the members designated in paragraph (a), the council may invite other ex officio, nonvoting members to attend and participate in council meetings. Those nonvoting members may include, but need not be limited to:

1. The executive director of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

2. The Secretary of Health Care Administration.

3. The Secretary of Environmental Protection.

4. The director of the Division of Law Enforcement within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

5. A representative of the Commission on Human Relations.

6. A representative of the United States Coast Guard.

7. A United States Attorney from a federal judicial circuit within this state.

8. A special agent in charge from an office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation within this state.


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10. A representative of United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement.


(2) ORGANIZATION.—

(a) The Legislature finds that the council serves a legitimate state, county, and municipal purpose and that service on the council is consistent with a member's principal service in public office or employment. Membership on the council does not disqualify a member from holding any other public office or being employed by a public entity, except that a member of the Legislature may not serve on the council.

(b) The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement shall serve as chair of the council, and the director of the Division of Emergency Management shall serve as vice chair of the council. In the absence of the chair, the vice chair shall serve as chair. In the absence of the vice chair, the chair may name any member of the council to perform the duties of the chair if such substitution does not extend beyond a defined meeting, duty, or period of time.

(c) Any absent voting member of the council may be represented by a designee empowered to act on any issue before the council to the same extent that the designating member is empowered. If a co-chair of a regional domestic security task force is absent from a council meeting, the co-chair shall appoint a subcommittee chair of that task force as the designee.

(d) The council shall establish bylaws for its general governance.

(e) Any member of the council serving by reason of the office or employment held by the member shall cease to serve on the council at such time as he or she ceases to hold the office or employment which was the basis for appointment to the council.

(f) Representatives from agencies or organizations other than those designated by title shall be chosen by the entity. Except for those individuals designated by title, council members shall be certified annually to the chair by the organization they represent.

(g) Members of the council or their designees shall serve without compensation but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.

(h) The department shall provide the council with the staff support necessary to assist in the performance of its duties.

(3) MEETINGS.—The council must meet at least semiannually. Additional meetings may be held as necessary. A majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum.
(4) EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—

(a) The council shall establish an executive committee consisting of the following members:

1. The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement.
2. The director of the Division of Emergency Management.
3. The Attorney General.
4. The Commissioner of Agriculture.
5. The State Surgeon General.
6. The Commissioner of Education.
7. The State Fire Marshal.

(b) The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement shall serve as the chair of the executive committee, and the director of the Division of Emergency Management shall serve as the vice chair of the executive committee.

(c) The executive committee shall approve all matters brought before the council prior to consideration. When expedited action of the council is deemed necessary by the chair or vice chair, the executive committee may act on behalf of the council.

(5) DUTIES OF THE COUNCIL.—

(a) The Domestic Security Oversight Council shall serve as an advisory council to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Chief of Domestic Security. The council shall:

1. Review the development, maintenance, and operation of a comprehensive multidisciplinary domestic security strategy that will guide the state’s prevention, preparedness, protection, response, and recovery efforts against terrorist attacks and immigration enforcement incidents and make appropriate recommendations to ensure the implementation of that strategy.

2. Review the development of integrated funding plans to support specific projects, goals, and objectives necessary to the state’s domestic security strategy and make appropriate recommendations to implement those plans.

3. Review and recommend approval of prioritized recommendations from regional domestic security task forces and state working groups on the use of available funding to ensure the use of such funds in a manner that best promotes the goals of statewide, regional, and local domestic security through coordinated planning and implementation strategies.
4. Review and recommend approval of statewide policies and operational protocols that support the domestic security efforts of the regional domestic security task forces and state agencies.

5. Review the overall statewide effectiveness of domestic security efforts, and counter-terrorism efforts, and efforts of coordinating with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws in order to provide suggestions to improve or enhance those efforts.

6. Review the efforts of any agency or entity involved in state or local domestic security efforts, and counter-terrorism efforts, and efforts of coordination with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws that requests assistance or that appears to need such review in order to provide suggestions to improve or enhance those efforts.

7. Review efforts within the state to better secure state and local infrastructure against terrorist attack or immigration enforcement incidents and make recommendations to enhance the effectiveness of such efforts.

8. Review and recommend legislative initiatives related to the state’s domestic security and provide endorsement or recommendations to enhance the effectiveness of such efforts.

9. Review statewide or multiagency mobilizations and responses to major domestic security incidents and recommend suggestions for training, improvement of response efforts, or improvement of coordination or for other strategies that may be derived as necessary from such reviews.

10. Conduct any additional review or inquiry or make recommendations to the Governor and Legislature in support of other initiatives, as may be necessary, to fulfill the function of general oversight of the state’s domestic security efforts, and counter-terrorism efforts, and efforts of coordinating with and providing assistance to the Federal Government in the enforcement of federal immigration laws and to promote increased security.

11. Promote and preserve intergovernmental cooperation and consensus among state and local agencies, the Federal Government, private entities, other states, and other nations, as appropriate, under the guidance of the Governor.

(b) The Domestic Security Oversight Council shall make an annual funding recommendation to the Governor and Legislature which shall prioritize funding requests based on allocations from all available sources for implementing the state’s domestic security strategy. This recommendation must include the prioritized recommendations of each of the regional domestic security task forces and the various working groups that participate in the prioritization process for funding allocations. The
recommendation must reflect the consideration of strategic priorities and allocations that best serve the state’s overall domestic security needs. The recommendation shall be transmitted to the Governor and the Legislature by December 31 of each year. If additional funds become available, or reallocation of funding is required beyond current spending authorizations, the council may make recommendations to the Governor for consideration by the Legislative Budget Commission.

(6) REPORTS.—The council shall report annually on its activities, on or before December 31 of each calendar year, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the committees having principal jurisdiction over domestic security in the Senate and the House of Representatives.

(7) AGENCY DESIGNATION.—For purposes of this section, the Domestic Security Oversight Council shall be considered a criminal justice agency within the definition of s. 119.011(4).

Section 18. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 943.325, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

943.325 DNA database.—

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(g) “Qualifying offender” means any person, including juveniles and adults, who is:

1.a. Committed to a county jail;

b. Committed to or under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, including persons incarcerated in a private correctional institution operated under contract pursuant to s. 944.105;

c. Committed to or under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile Justice;

d. Transferred to this state under the Interstate Compact on Juveniles, part XIII of chapter 985; or

e. Accepted under Article IV of the Interstate Corrections Compact, part III of chapter 941; and who is:

2.a. Convicted of any felony offense or attempted felony offense in this state or of a similar offense in another jurisdiction;

b. Convicted of a misdemeanor violation of s. 784.048, s. 810.14, s. 847.011, s. 847.013, s. 847.0135, or s. 877.26, or an offense that was found, pursuant to s. 874.04, to have been committed for the purpose of benefiting,

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promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03; or

c. Arrested for any felony offense or attempted felony offense in this state; or

d. In the custody of a law enforcement agency and is subject to an immigration detainer issued by a federal immigration agency.

3) COLLECTION OF SAMPLES.—

(a) Each qualifying offender shall submit a DNA sample at the time he or she is booked into a jail, correctional facility, or juvenile facility. A person who becomes a qualifying offender solely because of the issuance of an immigration detainer by a federal immigration agency must submit a DNA sample when the law enforcement agency having custody of the offender receives the detainer.

7) COLLECTION OF DNA SAMPLES FROM OFFENDERS.—

(f) A law enforcement agency having custody of a person who becomes a qualifying offender solely because of the issuance of an immigration detainer by a federal immigration agency shall ensure that a DNA sample is taken from the offender immediately after the agency receives the detainer and shall secure and transmit the sample to the department in a timely manner.

Section 19. Paragraph (m) of subsection (3) of section 394.9082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.9082 Behavioral health managing entities.—

3) DEPARTMENT DUTIES.—The department shall:

(m) Collect and publish, and update annually, all of the following information on its website for each managing entity:

1. All compensation earned or awarded, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency, by position, for any employee, and any other person compensated through a contract for services whose services include those commonly associated with a chief executive, chief administrator, or other chief officer of a business or corporation, who receives compensation from state-appropriated funds in excess of 150 percent of the annual salary paid to the secretary of the department. For purposes of this paragraph, the term “employee” means a person filling an authorized and established position who performs labor or services for a public or private employer in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration has the same meaning as in s. 448.095(1).

2. The most recent 3 years of the Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, Internal Revenue Service Form 990 and related documents filed

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with the Internal Revenue Service, auditor reports, and annual reports for each managing entity or affiliated entity.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 409.996, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.996 Duties of the Department of Children and Families.—The department shall contract for the delivery, administration, or management of care for children in the child protection and child welfare system. In doing so, the department retains responsibility for the quality of contracted services and programs and shall ensure that, at a minimum, services are delivered in accordance with applicable federal and state statutes and regulations and the performance standards and metrics specified in the strategic plan created under s. 20.19(1).

(4)(a) The department shall collect and publish on its website, and annually update, all of the following information for each lead agency under contract with the department:

1. All compensation earned or awarded, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency, by position, for any employee, and any other person who is compensated through a contract for services whose services include those commonly associated with a chief executive, chief administrator, or other chief officer of a business or corporation, who receives compensation from state-appropriated funds in excess of 150 percent of the annual salary paid to the secretary of the department. For purposes of this paragraph, the term “employee” means a person filling an authorized and established position who performs labor or services for a public or private employer in exchange for salary, wages, or other remuneration has the same meaning as in s. 448.095.

2. All findings of the review under subsection (3).

Section 21. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the nonrecurring sum of $12 million from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Division of Emergency Management within the Executive Office of the Governor for the Unauthorized Alien Transport Program.

Section 22. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

Approved by the Governor May 10, 2023.

Filed in Office Secretary of State May 10, 2023.