## **CHAPTER 99-183**

## House Bill No. 981

An act relating to dentistry; amending s. 466.004, F.S.; revising qualifications for membership on the Board of Dentistry; providing applicability; amending s. 466.021, F.S.; revising requirements relating to dental work orders; amending s. 466.0282, F.S.; revising requirements relating to the recognition and advertising of dental specialties; requiring certain consumer notice; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. (1) Subsection (1) of section 466.004, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

466.004 Board of Dentistry.—

- To carry out the provisions of this chapter, there is created within the department the Board of Dentistry consisting of 11 members who shall be appointed by the Governor and subject to confirmation by the Senate. Seven members of the board must be licensed dentists actively engaged in the clinical practice of dentistry in this state whose principal source of income is derived from direct patient care; two members must be licensed dental hygienists actively engaged in the practice of dental hygiene in this state: and the remaining two members must be laypersons who are not, and have never been, dentists, dental hygienists, or members of any closely related profession or occupation. Each dental member of the board who is a licensed dentist must have been actively engaged in the practice of dentistry primarily as a clinical practitioner her or his respective profession for at least 5 years immediately preceding the date of her or his appointment to the board and must remain primarily in clinical practice during all subsequent periods of appointment to the board. Any person who is connected in any way with any dental college or community college may be appointed to the board so long as that connection does not result in a relationship wherein such college provides more than 5 percent of the person's income. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older. Members shall be appointed for 4-year terms.
- (2) The amendment of subsection (1) of section 466.004, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, by this section applies to appointments to the Board of Dentistry made on or after the effective date of this act.
  - Section 2. Section 466.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 466.021 Employment of unlicensed persons by dentist; penalty.—Every duly licensed dentist who uses the services of any unlicensed person for the purpose of constructing, altering, repairing, or duplicating any denture, partial denture, bridge splint, or orthodontic or prosthetic appliance shall be required to furnish such unlicensed person with a written work order in such form as prescribed shall be approved by rule of the board department.

This form shall be supplied to the dentist by the department at a cost not to exceed that of printing and handling. The work order blanks shall be assigned to individual dentists and are not transferable. This form shall be dated and signed by such dentist and shall include the patient's name or number with sufficient descriptive information to clearly identify the case for each separate and individual piece of work.; A said work order shall be made in duplicate form, the duplicate copy of such work order shall to be retained in a permanent file in the dentist's office for a period of 2 years, and the original work order shall to be retained in a permanent file for a period of 2 years by such said unlicensed person in her or his place of business. Such permanent file of work orders to be kept by such dentist or by such unlicensed person shall be open to inspection at any reasonable time by the department or its duly constituted agent. Failure of the dentist to keep such permanent records of such said work orders shall subject the dentist to suspension or revocation of her or his license to practice dentistry. Failure of such unlicensed person to have in her or his possession a work order as required by this section above defined shall be admissible evidence of a violation of this chapter and shall constitute a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Nothing in this section shall preclude a registered dental laboratory from working for another registered dental laboratory, provided that such work is performed pursuant to written authorization, in a form to be prescribed by rule of the board department, which evidences that the originating laboratory has obtained a valid work order and which sets forth the work to be performed. Furthermore, nothing in this section shall preclude a registered laboratory from providing its services to dentists licensed and practicing in another state, provided that such work is requested or otherwise authorized in written form which clearly identifies the name and address of the requesting dentist and which sets forth the work to be performed.

Section 3. Section 466.0282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

## 466.0282 Specialties.—

- (1) A dentist licensed under this chapter may not hold himself or herself out as a specialist, <u>or</u> advertise membership in or specialty recognition by an accrediting organization, <del>or</del> advertise that his or her practice is limited to a specific area of dentistry, unless the dentist:
- (a) Has completed a specialty education program approved by the American Dental Association and the Commission on Dental Accreditation; and:
- $\underline{1.(b)}$  Is eligible for examination by a national specialty board recognized by the American Dental Association;  $\underline{or}$
- $\underline{2.(c)}$  Is a diplomate of a national specialty board recognized by the American Dental Association; or
- (b)(d) Has continuously held himself or herself out as a specialist since December 31, 1964, in a specialty recognized by the American Dental Association.

- (2) A dentist licensed under this chapter may not represent to the public without appropriate disclosure that his or her practice is limited to a specific area of dentistry other than a specialty area of dentistry authorized under subsection (1), unless the dentist has attained membership in or has otherwise been credentialed by an accrediting organization which is recognized by the board as a bona fide organization for such an area of dental practice. In order to be recognized by the board as a bona fide accrediting organization for a specific area of dental practice other than a specialty area of dentistry authorized under subsection (1), the organization must condition membership or credentialing of its members upon all of the following:
- (a) Successful completion of a formal, full-time advanced education program that is affiliated with or sponsored by a university-based dental school and is:
  - 1. Beyond the dental degree;
  - 2. At the graduate or postgraduate level; and
  - 3. Of at least 12 months in duration.
- (b) Prior didactic training and clinical experience in the specific area of dentistry which is greater than that of other dentists.
- (c) Successful completion of oral and written examinations based on psychometric principles.
- (3) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (1) and (2), a dentist who lacks membership in or certification, diplomate status, or other similar credentials from an accrediting organization approved as bona fide by either the American Dental Association or the board may announce a practice emphasis in any other area of dental practice if the dentist incorporates in capital letters or some other manner clearly distinguishable from the rest of the announcement, solicitation, or advertisement the following statement: "...(NAME OF ANNOUNCED AREA OF DENTAL PRAC-TICE)... IS NOT RECOGNIZED AS A SPECIALTY AREA BY THE AMERI-CAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION OR THE FLORIDA BOARD OF DENTIST-RY." If such an area of dental practice is officially recognized by an organization which the dentist desires to acknowledge or otherwise reference in the dentist's announcement, solicitation, or advertisement, the same announcement, solicitation, or advertisement shall also state prominently: "...(NAME OF REFERENCED ORGA<u>NIZATION</u>)... IS NOT RECOGNIZED AS A BONA FIDE SPECIALTY ACCREDITING ORGANIZATION BY THE AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION OR THE FLORIDA BOARD OF DENTISTRY."
- (4)(2) The purpose of this section is to prevent a dentist from advertising without appropriate disclosure membership in an organization which may be perceived by the public as recognizing or accrediting specialization or other unique competencies in an area of dentistry that is not recognized or accredited by the American Dental Association or the board in accordance with this section. The purpose of this section is also to prohibit a dentist from advertising a specialty or other area of dental practice without appropriate

disclosure unless the special competencies held by the dentist satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) or subsection (2) that the dentist's practice is limited to an area of dentistry that is not recognized as a specialty by the American Dental Association. The Legislature finds that dental consumers can reasonably rely on these requirements as satisfactory evidence of a dentist's attainment of meaningful competencies in the specialty or other bona fide area of dental practice advertised recognition by the American Dental Association as proof that an area of dentistry is recognized as a legitimate dental specialty by other dentists and that the accrediting or recognizing organization of that specialty is bona fide. The Legislature also finds that this process for the recognition of dental specialties and other bona fide areas of dental practice is the least restrictive means available to ensure that consumers are not misled about a dentist's unique credentials not only that the American Dental Association, unlike the board, has the administrative staff and financial resources necessary to investigate and thoroughly evaluate whether an accrediting or recognizing organization is capable of accurately determining whether an area of dentistry is uniquely defined and educationally disciplined so as to meet a substantial public need for clinical treatment, but also that this accreditation process is the least restrictive means available to ensure that consumers are not misled about whether an area of dentistry is a legitimate specialty. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that the findings of the American Dental Association's accreditation process for dental specialties be relied on by the board.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow the board to recognize any specialty that is not recognized by the American Dental Association.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 1999.

Filed in Office Secretary of State May 14, 1999.