CHAPTER 2021-271

Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 8-A

An act relating to gaming; amending s. 550.002, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 550.0115, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.01215, F.S.; revising the application requirements for an operating license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering for a pari-mutuel facility; prohibiting greyhound permitholders from conducting live racing; authorizing jai alai permitholders, harness horse racing permitholders, and quarter horse racing permitholders to elect not to conduct live racing or games; requiring thoroughbred permitholders to conduct live racing: specifying that certain permitholders that do not conduct live racing or games retain their permit and remain pari-mutuel facilities; specifying that, if such permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the permitholder's facility remains an eligible facility, continues to be eligible for a slot machine license, is exempt from certain provisions of ch. 551, F.S., is eligible to be a guest track, and, if the permitholder is a harness horse racing permitholder, is eligible to be a host track for intertrack wagering and simulcasting and remains eligible for a cardroom license; prohibiting a permitholder or licensee from conducting live greyhound racing or dogracing in connection with any wager for money or any other thing of value in the state; providing administrative and civil penalties; providing requirements for the funds generated from such penalties; prohibiting operating licenses from being issued to a parimutuel permitholder unless a specified requirement is met; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to approve a change in racing dates for certain permitholders if the request for a change is received before a specified date and under certain circumstances for a specified fiscal year; deleting a provision authorizing the conversion of certain permits to a jai alai permit under certain circumstances; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.0235, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.0351, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to hound dog derbies and mutt derbies; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.0425, F.S.; deleting a provision authorizing certain minors to be granted access to kennel compound areas under certain circumstances; amending s. 550.054, F.S.; requiring the division to revoke the permit of certain permitholders; specifying such revoked permit is void and may not be reissued; revising requirements to hold a permit for the operation of a pari-mutuel facility and an associated cardroom or slot machine facility; specifying certain permits held on a specified date are deemed valid for specified purposes; prohibiting new permits for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering from being issued after a specified date; prohibiting a permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering from being converted to another class of permit; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.0651, F.S.; allowing a municipality to prohibit the establishment of certain pari-mutuel facilities and pari-mutuel wagering in its jurisdiction;

amending s. 550.0745, F.S.; authorizing summer jai alai permitholders to conduct pari-mutuel wagering throughout the year; deleting provisions relating to the conversion of a pari-mutuel permit to a summer jai alai permit; amending s. 550.09511, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to the payment of certain taxes and fees by jai alai permitholders conducting fewer than a specified number of live performances; amending s. 550.09512, F.S.; revising the circumstances for which a harness horse permitholder's permit is voided for failing to pay certain taxes; prohibiting the reissue of such permit; amending ss. 550.105, 550.1155, and 550.1647, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; repealing s. 550.1648, F.S., relating to greyhound adoptions; amending ss. 550.175, 550.1815, and 550.24055, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.2415, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the testing, euthanasia, training, and medication levels of racing greyhounds; amending s. 550.334, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.3345, F.S.; requiring that net revenues derived from specified licenses issued to not-for-profit corporations be dedicated to certain purposes; prohibiting the transfer of such licenses; providing construction; amending s. 550.3551, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.3615, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting a person convicted of bookmaking from attending or being admitted to a pari-mutuel facility; requiring pari-mutuel facility employees to notify certain persons of unlawful activities; providing civil penalties; requiring a permittee to display certain warnings relating to bookmaking at his or her pari-mutuel facility; revising applicability; creating s. 550.3616, F.S.; prohibiting persons authorized to conduct gaming or pari-mutuel operations in this state from racing greyhounds or other dogs in connection with any wager for money or thing of value; providing criminal penalties; prohibiting the suspension, deferment, or withholding of adjudication of guilt of certain persons; amending s. 550.475, F.S.; revising provisions relating to leasing pari-mutuel facilities; amending s. 550.5251, F.S.; deleting a prohibition against thoroughbred racing permitholders beginning races after a specified time; deleting provisions relating to the operation of cardrooms by thoroughbred racing permitholders after a specified time and receiving and rebroadcasting out-of-state races after a specified time under certain circumstances; amending s. 550.615, F.S.; revising requirements relating to intertrack wagering; specifying that greyhound permitholders are qualified to receive certain broadcasts and accept specified wagers; amending s. 550.6305, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 550.6308, F.S.; revising requirements for a limited intertrack wagering license; revising requirements for intertrack wagering; deleting requirements for limited intertrack wagering licensees to make specified payments; amending s. 551.104, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 551.114, F.S.; revising requirements for the location of designated slot machine gaming areas; amending s. 551.116, F.S.; authorizing slot machine gaming areas to be open 24 hours per day throughout the year; amending s. 565.02, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 849.086,

F.S.; prohibiting a cardroom license from being issued to certain permitholders; revising requirements for a cardroom license to be issued to certain permitholders; authorizing cardrooms to be open 24 hours per day; authorizing a municipality to prohibit the establishment and operation of certain cardrooms within its jurisdiction; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 849.14, F.S.; revising criminal penalties relating to certain bets; creating s. 849.142, F.S.; specifying that certain activities are not subject to certain gamblingrelated prohibitions; creating s. 849.251, F.S.; prohibiting persons from wagering or accepting anything of value on certain dograces; prohibiting persons from taking certain actions related to people associated with or interested in dogracing; providing criminal penalties; prohibiting the suspension, deferment, or withholding of adjudication of guilt of certain persons; providing applicability; reenacting ss. 380.0651(2)(c), 402.82(4)(c), and 480.0475(1), F.S., relating to statewide guidelines, the electronic benefits transfer program, and massage establishments, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to s. 550.002, F.S., in references thereto; providing severability; providing contingent effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Present subsections (24) through (28) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (25) through (29), respectively, a new subsection (24) is added to that section, and subsections (11), (17), (20), (21), (22), and (23) and present subsections (26), (29), and (31) of that section are amended, to read:

550.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

"Full schedule of live racing or games" means, for a greyhound or jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a permitholder who has a converted permit or filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening and matinee wagering performances during either of the 2 preceding years; for a jai alai permitholder who does not operate slot machines in its parimutuel facility, who has conducted at least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after December 31, 1992, and whose handle on live jai alai games conducted at its pari-mutuel facility has been less than \$4 million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years after June 30, 1992, the conduct of a combination of at least 40 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a jai alai permitholder who operates slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of a combination of at least 150 performances during the preceding year; for a harness permitholder, the conduct of at least 100 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year; for a quarter horse permitholder at its facility unless an alternative schedule of at least 20 live regular wagering performances is agreed upon by the permitholder and either the Florida Quarter Horse

Racing Association or the horsemen's association representing the majority of the quarter horse owners and trainers at the facility and filed with the division along with its annual date application, in the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 20 regular wagering performances, in the 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 fiscal years, the conduct of at least 30 live regular wagering performances, and for every fiscal year after the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances; for a quarter horse permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the conduct of 160 events at the leased facility; and for a thoroughbred permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year. For a permitholder which is restricted by statute to certain operating periods within the year when other members of its same class of permit are authorized to operate throughout the year, the specified number of live performances which constitute a full schedule of live racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with the relationship between its authorized operating period and the full calendar year and the resulting specified number of live performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games for such permitholder and all other permitholders of the same class within 100 air miles of such permitholder. A live performance must consist of no fewer than eight races or games conducted live for each of a minimum of three performances each week at the permitholder's licensed facility under a single admission charge.

- (17) "Intertrack wager" or "intertrack wagering" means a particular form of pari-mutuel wagering in which wagers are accepted at a permitted, in-state track, fronton, or pari-mutuel facility on a race or game transmitted from and performed live at, or simulcast signal rebroadcast from, another instate pari-mutuel facility.
- (20) "Meet" or "meeting" means the conduct of live racing or jai alai, or wagering on intertrack or simulcast events, for any stake, purse, prize, or premium.
- (21) "Operating day" means a continuous period of 24 hours starting with the beginning of the first performance of a race or game, even though the operating day may start during one calendar day and extend past midnight except that no greyhound race or jai alai game may commence after 1:30 a.m.
- (22) "Pari-mutuel" or "pari-mutuel wagering" means a system of betting on races or games in which the winners divide the total amount bet, after deducting management expenses and taxes, in proportion to the sums they have wagered individually and with regard to the odds assigned to particular outcomes.
- (23) "Pari-mutuel facility" means the grounds or property of a cardroom, racetrack, fronton, or other facility used by a <u>licensed</u> permitholder for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering.

- (24) "Permitholder" or "permittee" means a holder of a permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering in this state as authorized in this chapter.
- (27)(26) "Post time" means the time set for the arrival at the starting point of the horses or greyhounds in a race or the beginning of a game in jai alai.
- (29) "Racing greyhound" means a greyhound that is or was used, or is being bred, raised, or trained to be used, in racing at a pari-mutuel facility and is registered with the National Greyhound Association.
- (31) "Same class of races, games, or permit" means, with respect to a jai alai permitholder, jai alai games or other jai alai permitholders; with respect to a greyhound permitholder, greyhound races or other greyhound permitholders conducting pari-mutuel wagering; with respect to a thoroughbred permitholder, thoroughbred races or other thoroughbred permitholders; with respect to a harness permitholder, harness races or other harness permitholders; with respect to a quarter horse permitholder, quarter horse races or other quarter horse permitholders.
 - Section 2. Section 550.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 550.0115 Permitholder <u>operating</u> license.—After a permit has been issued by the division, and after the permit has been approved by election, the division shall issue to the permitholder an annual <u>operating</u> license to conduct pari-mutuel <u>wagering</u> operations at the location specified in the permit pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
 - Section 3. Section 550.01215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 550.01215 License application; periods of operation; <u>license fees</u>; bond, conversion of permit.—
- (1) Each permitholder shall annually, during the period between December 15 and January 4, file in writing with the division its application for an operating a license for a pari-mutuel facility for the conduct of parimutuel wagering during the next state fiscal year, including intertrack and simulcast race wagering to conduct performances during the next state fiscal year. Each application for live performances must shall specify the number, dates, and starting times of all live performances that which the permitholder intends to conduct. It must shall also specify which performances will be conducted as charity or scholarship performances.
- (a) In addition, Each application for an operating a license also must shall include:
- <u>1.</u> For each permitholder, whether the permitholder intends to accept wagers on intertrack or simulcast events.

- 2. For each permitholder that which elects to operate a cardroom, the dates and periods of operation the permitholder intends to operate the cardroom. or,
- <u>3.</u> For each thoroughbred <u>racing</u> permitholder <u>that</u> which elects to receive or rebroadcast out-of-state races after 7 p.m., the dates for all performances <u>that</u> which the permitholder intends to conduct.
- (b)1. A greyhound permitholder may not conduct live racing. A jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder may elect not to conduct live racing or games. A thoroughbred permitholder must conduct live racing. A greyhound permitholder, jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder that does not conduct live racing or games retains its permit; is a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002(23); if such permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the facility where such permit is located remains an eligible facility as defined in s. 551.102(4), continues to be eligible for a slot machine license pursuant to s. 551.104(3), and is exempt from ss. 551.104(4)(c) and (10) and 551.114(2); is eligible, but not required, to be a guest track and, if the permitholder is a harness horse racing permitholder, to be a host track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss. 550.3551, 550.615, 550.625, and 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom license.
- 2. A permitholder or licensee may not conduct live greyhound racing or dogracing in connection with any wager for money or any other thing of value in the state. The division may deny, suspend, or revoke any permit or licensee under this chapter if a permitholder or licensee conducts live greyhound racing or dogracing in violation of this subparagraph. In addition to, or in lieu of, denial, suspension, or revocation of such permit or license, the division may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against the permitholder or licensee for a violation of this subparagraph. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.
- (c) Permitholders <u>may</u> shall be entitled to amend their applications through February 28.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, other than a permitholder issued a permit pursuant to s. 550.3345, a pari-mutuel permitholder may not be issued an operating license for the conduct of parimutuel wagering, slot machine gaming, or the operation of a cardroom if the permitholder did not hold an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021.
- (2) After the first license has been issued to a permitholder, all subsequent annual applications for a license shall be accompanied by proof, in such form as the division may by rule require, that the permitholder continues to possess the qualifications prescribed by this chapter, and that the permit has not been disapproved at a later election.

- The division shall issue each license no later than March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at the date and time specified on its license. The division shall have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates after a license has been issued. The division may approve changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when there is no objection from any operating permitholder that is conducting live racing or games and that is located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in operating dates. In the event of an objection, the division shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the division shall take into consideration the impact of such changes on state revenues. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and for the 2021-2022 state fiscal year only, the division may approve changes in operating dates for a jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder if the request for such changes is received before October 1, 2021.
- (4) In the event that a permitholder fails to operate all performances specified on its license at the date and time specified, the division shall hold a hearing to determine whether to fine or suspend the permitholder's license, unless such failure was the direct result of fire, strike, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate all performances on the dates and at the times specified.
- (5) In the event that performances licensed to be operated by a permitholder are vacated, abandoned, or will not be used for any reason, any permitholder shall be entitled, pursuant to rules adopted by the division, to apply to conduct performances on the dates for which the performances have been abandoned. The division shall issue an amended license for all such replacement performances which have been requested in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and division rules.
- (6) Any permit which was converted from a jai alai permit to a greyhound permit may be converted to a jai alai permit at any time if the permitholder never conducted greyhound racing or if the permitholder has not conducted greyhound racing for a period of 12 consecutive months.
 - Section 4. Section 550.0235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0235 Limitation of civil liability.—No <u>permitholder licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering permittee conducting a racing meet pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; no division director or employee of the division; and no steward, judge, or other person appointed to act pursuant to this chapter shall be held liable to any person, partnership, association, corporation, or other business entity for any cause whatsoever arising out of, or from, the performance by such permittee, director, employee, steward, judge, or other person of her or his duties and the exercise of her or his</u>

discretion with respect to the implementation and enforcement of the statutes and rules governing the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering, so long as she or he acted in good faith. This section shall not limit liability in any situation in which the negligent maintenance of the premises or the negligent conduct of a race contributed to an accident; nor shall it limit any contractual liability.

Section 5. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 550.0351, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.0351 Charity racing days.—

- (1) The division shall, upon the request of a permitholder, authorize each horseracing permitholder, dogracing permitholder, and jai alai permitholder up to five charity or scholarship days in addition to the regular racing days authorized by law.
- (7) In addition to the charity days authorized by this section, any dogracing permitholder may allow its facility to be used for conducting "hound dog derbies" or "mutt derbies" on any day during each racing season by any charitable, civic, or nonprofit organization for the purpose of conducting "hound dog derbies" or "mutt derbies" if only dogs other than those usually used in dogracing (greyhounds) are permitted to race and if adults and minors are allowed to participate as dog owners or spectators. During these racing events, betting, gambling, and the sale or use of alcoholic beverages is prohibited.
- Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 550.0425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 550.0425 Minors attendance at pari-mutuel performances; restrictions.
- (4) Minor children of licensed greyhound trainers, kennel operators, or other licensed persons employed in the kennel compound areas may be granted access to kennel compound areas without being licensed, provided they are in no way employed unless properly licensed, and only when under the direct supervision of one of their parents or legal guardian.
- Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 550.054, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (c) is added to subsection (9) of that section, and subsection (15) is added to that section, to read:
 - 550.054 Application for permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering.—
- (2) Upon each application filed and approved, a permit shall be issued to the applicant setting forth the name of the permitholder, the location of the pari-mutuel facility, the type of pari-mutuel activity desired to be conducted, and a statement showing qualifications of the applicant to conduct parimutuel performances under this chapter; however, a permit is ineffectual to authorize any pari-mutuel performances until approved by a majority of the electors participating in a ratification election in the county in which the

applicant proposes to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities. In addition, an application may not be considered, nor may a permit be issued by the division or be voted upon in any county, to conduct horseraces, harness horse races, or <u>pari-mutuel wagering dograces</u> at a location within 100 miles of an existing pari-mutuel facility, or for jai alai within 50 miles of an existing pari-mutuel facility; this distance shall be measured on a straight line from the nearest property line of one pari-mutuel facility to the nearest property line of the other facility.

(9)

- (c) The division shall revoke the permit of any permitholder, other than a permitholder issued a permit pursuant to s. 550.3345, who did not hold an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021. A permit revoked under this paragraph is void and may not be reissued.
- (15)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a permit for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering and associated cardroom or slot machine licenses may only be held by a permitholder who held an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021 or who holds a permit issued pursuant to s. 550.3345;
- (b) All permits issued under this chapter held by permitholders on January 1, 2021, are deemed valid for the sole and exclusive purpose of satisfying all conditions for the valid issuance of the permits, if such permitholder held an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021 or if such permitholder held a permit issued pursuant to s. 550.3345;
- (c) Additional permits for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering may not be approved or issued by the division after January 1, 2021; and
- (d) A permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering may not be converted to another class of permit.
- Section 8. Subsection (6) is added to section 550.0651, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 550.0651 Elections for ratification of permits; municipal prohibitions.
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a municipality may prohibit the establishment of a pari-mutuel facility on or after July 1, 2021, in its jurisdiction. This subsection does not apply to a permitholder who held an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021 in the municipality's jurisdiction or to a pari-mutuel facility that was previously approved by the municipality.
 - Section 9. Section 550.0745, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 550.0745 Conversion of pari-mutuel permit to Summer jai alai permit periods of operation.—A permitholder issued a permit under former subsection (1) of this section, Florida Statutes 2020, for the operation of a jai alai fronton during the summer season may conduct pari-mutuel wagering throughout the year
- (1) The owner or operator of a pari-mutuel permit who is authorized by the division to conduct pari-mutuel pools on exhibition sports in any county having five or more such pari-mutuel permits and whose mutuel play from the operation of such pari-mutuel pools for the 2 consecutive years next prior to filing an application under this section has had the smallest play or total pool within the county may apply to the division to convert its permit to a permit to conduct a summer jai alai fronton in such county during the summer season commencing on May 1 and ending on November 30 of each year on such dates as may be selected by such permittee for the same number of days and performances as are allowed and granted to winter jai alai frontons within such county. If a permittee who is eligible under this section to convert a permit declines to convert, a new permit is hereby made available in that permittee's county to conduct summer jai alai games as provided by this section, notwithstanding mileage and permit ratification requirements. If a permittee converts a quarter horse permit pursuant to this section, nothing in this section prohibits the permittee from obtaining another quarter horse permit. Such permittee shall pay the same taxes as are fixed and required to be paid from the pari-mutuel pools of winter jai alai permittees and is bound by all of the rules and provisions of this chapter which apply to the operation of winter jai alai frontons. Such permittee shall only be permitted to operate a jai alai fronton after its application has been submitted to the division and its license has been issued pursuant to the application. The license is renewable from year to year as provided by law.
- (2) Such permittee is entitled to the issuance of a license for the operation of a jai alai fronton during the summer season as fixed in this section. A permittee granted a license under this section may not conduct pari-mutuel pools during the summer season except at a jai alai fronton as provided in this section. Such license authorizes the permittee to operate at any jai alai permittee's plant it may lease or build within such county.
- (3) Such license for the operation of a jai alai fronton shall never be permitted to be operated during the jai alai winter season; and neither the jai alai winter licensee or the jai alai summer licensee shall be permitted to operate on the same days or in competition with each other. This section does not prevent the summer jai alai permittee from leasing the facilities of the winter jai alai permittee for the operation of the summer meet.
- (4) The provisions of this chapter which prohibit the location and operation of jai alai frontons within a specified distance from the location of another jai alai fronton or other permittee and which prohibit the division from granting any permit at a location within a certain designated area do not apply to the provisions of this section and do not prevent the issuance of a license under this section.

- Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 550.09511, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 550.09511 Jai alai taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—
- (4) A jai alai permitholder conducting fewer than 100 live performances in any calendar year shall pay to the state the same aggregate amount of daily license fees on live jai alai games, admissions tax, and tax on live handle as that permitholder paid to the state during the most recent prior calendar year in which the jai alai permitholder conducted at least 100 live performances.
- Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 550.09512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 550.09512 Harness horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—
- (3)(a) The permit of a harness horse permitholder who is conducting live harness horse performances and who does not pay tax on handle for any such live harness horse performances conducted for a full schedule of live races during any 2 consecutive state fiscal years shall be void and may not be reissued shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, hurricane, pandemic, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle.
- Section 12. Subsections (2) and (9) of section 550.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.105 Occupational licenses of racetrack employees; fees; denial, suspension, and revocation of license; penalties and fines.—
- (2)(a) The following licenses shall be issued to persons or entities with access to the backside, racing animals, jai alai players' room, jockeys' room, drivers' room, totalisator room, the mutuels, or money room, or to persons who, by virtue of the position they hold, might be granted access to these areas or to any other person or entity in one of the following categories and with fees not to exceed the following amounts for any 12-month period:
- 1. Business licenses: any business such as a vendor, contractual concessionaire, contract kennel, business owning racing animals, trust or estate, totalisator company, stable name, or other fictitious name: \$50.
- 2. Professional occupational licenses: professional persons with access to the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai such as trainers, officials, veterinarians, doctors, nurses, EMT's, jockeys and apprentices, drivers, jai alai players, owners, trustees, or any management or officer or

director or shareholder or any other professional-level person who might have access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, the backside, racing animals, kennel compound, or managers or supervisors requiring access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment: \$40.

3. General occupational licenses: general employees with access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, racing animals, the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai, such as grooms, kennel helpers, leadouts, pelota makers, cesta makers, or ball boys, or a practitioner of any other occupation who would have access to the animals <u>or</u>, the backside, or the kennel compound, or who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas, or mutuel employees, totalisator employees, money-room employees, or any employee with access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment or who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas: \$10.

The individuals and entities that are licensed under this paragraph require heightened state scrutiny, including the submission by the individual licensees or persons associated with the entities described in this chapter of fingerprints for a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal records check.

- (b) The division shall adopt rules pertaining to pari-mutuel occupational licenses, licensing periods, and renewal cycles.
- (9) The tax imposed by this section is in lieu of all license, excise, or occupational taxes to the state or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, except that, if a race meeting or game is held or conducted in a municipality, the municipality may assess and collect an additional tax against any person conducting live racing or games within its corporate limits, which tax may not exceed \$150 per day for horseracing or \$50 per day for dogracing or jai alai. Except as provided in this chapter, a municipality may not assess or collect any additional excise or revenue tax against any person conducting race meetings within the corporate limits of the municipality or against any patron of any such person.

Section 13. Section 550.1155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 550.1155 Authority of stewards, judges, panel of judges, or player's manager to impose penalties against occupational licensees; disposition of funds collected.—
- (1) The stewards at a horse racetrack; the judges at a dog track; or the judges, a panel of judges, or a player's manager at a jai alai fronton may impose a civil penalty against any occupational licensee for violation of the pari-mutuel laws or any rule adopted by the division. The penalty may not exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense or exceed 60 days of suspension for each count or separate offense.
- (2) All penalties imposed and collected pursuant to this section at each horse or dog racetrack or jai alai fronton shall be deposited into a board of

relief fund established by the pari-mutuel permitholder. Each association shall name a board of relief composed of three of its officers, with the general manager of the permitholder being the ex officio treasurer of such board. Moneys deposited into the board of relief fund shall be disbursed by the board for the specific purpose of aiding occupational licenseholders and their immediate family members at each pari-mutuel facility.

Section 14. Section 550.1647, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1647 Greyhound permitholders; unclaimed tickets; breaks.—All money or other property represented by any unclaimed, uncashed, or abandoned pari-mutuel ticket which has remained in the custody of or under the control of any greyhound permitholder authorized to conduct greyhound racing pari-mutuel wagering pools in this state for a period of 1 year after the date the pari-mutuel ticket was issued, if the rightful owner or owners thereof have made no claim or demand for such money or other property within that period of time, shall, with respect to live races conducted by the permitholder, be remitted to the state pursuant to s. 550.1645; however, such permitholder shall be entitled to a credit in each state fiscal year in an amount equal to the actual amount remitted in the prior state fiscal year which may be applied against any taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter. In addition, each permitholder shall pay, from any source, including the proceeds from performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351, an amount not less than 10 percent of the amount of the credit provided by this section to any bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds. As used in this chapter, the term "bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds" means any organization that provides evidence of compliance with chapter 496 and possesses a valid exemption from federal taxation issued by the Internal Revenue Service. Such bona fide organization, as a condition of adoption, must provide sterilization of greyhounds by a licensed veterinarian before relinquishing custody of the greyhound to the adopter. The fee for sterilization may be included in the cost of adoption.

Section 15. Section 550.1648, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 16. Section 550.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.175 Petition for election to revoke permit.—Upon petition of 20 percent of the qualified electors of any county wherein any <u>pari-mutuel wagering racing</u> has been licensed and conducted under this chapter, the county commissioners of such county shall provide for the submission to the electors of such county at the then next succeeding general election the question of whether any permit or permits theretofore granted shall be continued or revoked, and if a majority of the electors voting on such question in such election vote to cancel or recall the permit theretofore given, the division may not thereafter grant any license on the permit so recalled. Every signature upon every recall petition must be signed in the presence of the clerk of the board of county commissioners at the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county, and the petitioner must present at the time of

such signing her or his registration receipt showing the petitioner's qualification as an elector of the county at the time of the signing of the petition. Not more than one permit may be included in any one petition; and, in all elections in which the recall of more than one permit is voted on, the voters shall be given an opportunity to vote for or against the recall of each permit separately. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the holding of later referendum or recall elections.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 550.1815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1815 Certain persons prohibited from holding racing or jai alai permits; suspension and revocation.—

- (1) A corporation, general or limited partnership, sole proprietorship, business trust, joint venture, or unincorporated association, or other business entity may not hold any horseracing or <u>greyhound dogracing</u> permit or jai alai fronton permit in this state if any one of the persons or entities specified in paragraph (a) has been determined by the division not to be of good moral character or has been convicted of any offense specified in paragraph (b).
 - (a)1. The permitholder;
 - 2. An employee of the permitholder;
 - 3. The sole proprietor of the permitholder;
 - 4. A corporate officer or director of the permitholder;
 - 5. A general partner of the permitholder;
 - 6. A trustee of the permitholder;
 - 7. A member of an unincorporated association permitholder;
 - 8. A joint venturer of the permitholder;
- 9. The owner of more than 5 percent of any equity interest in the permitholder, whether as a common shareholder, general or limited partner, voting trustee, or trust beneficiary; or
- 10. An owner of any interest in the permit or permitholder, including any immediate family member of the owner, or holder of any debt, mortgage, contract, or concession from the permitholder, who by virtue thereof is able to control the business of the permitholder.
 - (b)1. A felony in this state;
- 2. Any felony in any other state which would be a felony if committed in this state under the laws of this state;

- 3. Any felony under the laws of the United States;
- 4. A felony under the laws of another state if related to gambling which would be a felony under the laws of this state if committed in this state; or
 - 5. Bookmaking as defined in s. 849.25.
- Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 550.24055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 550.24055 Use of controlled substances or alcohol prohibited; testing of certain occupational licensees; penalty; evidence of test or action taken and admissibility for criminal prosecution limited.—
- (2) The occupational licensees, by applying for and holding such licenses, are deemed to have given their consents to submit to an approved chemical test of their breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of their blood and to a urine or blood test for the purpose of detecting the presence of controlled substances. Such tests shall only be conducted upon reasonable cause that a violation has occurred as shall be determined solely by the stewards at a horseracing meeting or the judges or board of judges at a dogtrack or jai alai meet. The failure to submit to such test may result in a suspension of the person's occupational license for a period of 10 days or until this section has been complied with, whichever is longer.
- (a) If there was at the time of the test 0.05 percent or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, the person is presumed not to have been under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and no action of any sort may be taken by the stewards, judges, or board of judges or the division.
- (b) If there was at the time of the test an excess of 0.05 percent but less than 0.08 percent by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, that fact does not give rise to any presumption that the person was or was not under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's faculties were impaired, but the stewards, judges, or board of judges may consider that fact in determining whether or not the person will be allowed to officiate or participate in any given race or jai alai game.
- (c) If there was at the time of the test 0.08 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, that fact is prima facie evidence that the person was under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and the stewards or judges may take action as set forth in this section, but the person may not officiate at or participate in any race or jai alai game on the day of such test.

All tests relating to alcohol must be performed in a manner substantially similar, or identical, to the provisions of s. 316.1934 and rules adopted pursuant to that section. Following a test of the urine or blood to determine the presence of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 893, if a

controlled substance is found to exist, the stewards, judges, or board of judges may take such action as is permitted in this section.

- Section 19. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (6), paragraph (a) of subsection (9), and subsection (13) of section 550.2415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.2415 Racing of animals under certain conditions prohibited; penalties; exceptions.—
- (5) The division shall implement a split-sample procedure for testing animals under this section.
- (d) For the testing of a racing greyhound, if there is an insufficient quantity of the secondary (split) sample for confirmation of the division laboratory's positive result, the division may commence administrative proceedings as prescribed in this chapter and consistent with chapter 120.

(6)

- (b) The division shall, by rule, establish the procedures for euthanizing greyhounds. However, a greyhound may not be put to death by any means other than by lethal injection of the drug sodium pentobarbital. A greyhound may not be removed from this state for the purpose of being destroyed.
- (c) It is a violation of this chapter for an occupational licensee to train a greyhound using live or dead animals. A greyhound may not be taken from this state for the purpose of being trained through the use of live or dead animals.
- (9)(a) The division may conduct a postmortem examination of any animal that is injured at a permitted racetrack while in training or in competition and that subsequently expires or is destroyed. The division may conduct a postmortem examination of any animal that expires while housed at a permitted racetrack, association compound, or licensed kennel or farm. Trainers and owners shall be requested to comply with this paragraph as a condition of licensure.
- (13) The division may implement by rule medication levels for racing greyhounds recommended by the University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine developed pursuant to an agreement between the Division of Parimutuel Wagering and the University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine. The University of Florida College of Veterinary Medicine may provide written notification to the division that it has completed research or review on a particular drug pursuant to the agreement and when the College of Veterinary Medicine has completed a final report of its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the division.
- Section 20. Subsection (8) of section 550.334, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 550.334 Quarter horse racing; substitutions.—
- (8) To be eligible to conduct intertrack wagering, a quarter horse racing permitholder must have conducted a full schedule of live racing in the preceding year.
- Section 21. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 550.3345, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.3345 $\,$ Conversion of quarter horse permit to a limited thoroughbred permit.—
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of a quarter horse racing permit issued under s. 550.334 may, within 1 year after the effective date of this section, apply to the division for a transfer of the quarter horse racing permit to a not-for-profit corporation formed under state law to serve the purposes of the state as provided in subsection (1). The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation must be comprised of 11 members, 4 of whom shall be designated by the applicant, 4 of whom shall be designated by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and 3 of whom shall be designated by the other 8 directors, with at least 1 of these 3 members being an authorized representative of another thoroughbred permitholder in this state. The not-for-profit corporation shall submit an application to the division for review and approval of the transfer in accordance with s. 550.054. Upon approval of the transfer by the division, and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the not-forprofit corporation may, within 1 year after its receipt of the permit, request that the division convert the quarter horse racing permit to a permit authorizing the holder to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing. Neither the transfer of the quarter horse racing permit nor its conversion to a limited thoroughbred permit shall be subject to the mileage limitation or the ratification election as set forth under s. 550.054(2) or s. 550.0651. Upon receipt of the request for such conversion, the division shall timely issue a converted permit. The converted permit and the not-forprofit corporation shall be subject to the following requirements:
- (a) All net revenues derived by the not-for-profit corporation under the thoroughbred horse racing permit and any license issued to the not-for-profit corporation under chapter 849, after the funding of operating expenses and capital improvements, shall be dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thoroughbred horses retired from racing.
- (e) \underline{A} No permit converted under this section and a license issued to the not-for-profit corporation under chapter 849 are not is eligible for transfer to another person or entity.

- (3) Unless otherwise provided in this section, after conversion, the permit and the not-for-profit corporation shall be treated under the laws of this state as a thoroughbred permit and as a thoroughbred permitholder, respectively, with the exception of <u>ss. 550.09515(3)</u> and <u>550.6308</u> s. <u>550.09515(3)</u>.
- Section 22. Subsections (2) and (4), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and subsection (11) of section 550.3551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.3551 Transmission of racing and jai alai information; commingling of pari-mutuel pools.—
- (2) Any horse track, dog track, or fronton licensed under this chapter may transmit broadcasts of races or games conducted at the enclosure of the licensee to locations outside this state.
- (a) All broadcasts of horseraces transmitted to locations outside this state must comply with the provisions of the Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978, 92 Stat. 1811, 15 U.S.C. ss. 3001 et seq.
- (b) Wagers accepted by any out-of-state pari-mutuel permitholder or licensed betting system on a race broadcasted under this subsection may be, but are not required to be, included in the pari-mutuel pools of the horse track in this state that broadcasts the race upon which wagers are accepted. The handle, as referred to in s. 550.0951(3), does not include any wagers accepted by an out-of-state pari-mutuel permitholder or licensed betting system, irrespective of whether such wagers are included in the pari-mutuel pools of the Florida permitholder as authorized by this subsection.
- (4) Any greyhound permitholder or jai alai permitholder dog track or fronton licensed under this chapter may receive at its licensed location broadcasts of dograces or jai alai games conducted at other tracks or frontons located outside the state at the track enclosure of the licensee during its operational meeting. All forms of pari-mutuel wagering are allowed on dograces or jai alai games broadcast under this subsection. All money wagered by patrons on dograces broadcast under this subsection shall be computed in the amount of money wagered each performance for purposes of taxation under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09511.
- (6)(a) A maximum of 20 percent of the total number of races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound permitholder not located as specified in s. 550.615(6) may be received from locations outside this state. A permitholder conducting live races or games may not conduct fewer than eight live races or games on any authorized race day except as provided in this subsection. A thoroughbred permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races on any race day without the written approval of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., unless it is determined by the department that another entity represents a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers in the state. If conducting live racing, a harness

permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races on any authorized race day, except that such permitholder must conduct a full schedule of live racing during its race meet consisting of at least eight live races per authorized race day for at least 100 days. Any harness horse permitholder that during the preceding racing season conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any time during its current race meet, receive full-card broadcasts of harness horse races conducted at harness racetracks outside this state at the harness track of the permitholder and accept wagers on such harness races. With specific authorization from the division for special racing events, a permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races or games when the permitholder also broadcasts out-of-state races or games. The division may not grant more than two such exceptions a year for a permitholder in any 12-month period, and those two exceptions may not be consecutive.

- (11) Greyhound <u>permitholders</u> tracks and jai alai <u>permitholders</u> frontons have the same privileges as provided in this section to <u>horserace</u> <u>permitholders</u> horse tracks, as applicable, subject to rules adopted under subsection (10).
- Section 23. Subsections (1) and (3) through (6) of section 550.3615, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.3615 Bookmaking on the grounds of a permitholder; penalties; reinstatement; duties of track employees; penalty; exceptions.—
- (1) Any person who engages in bookmaking, as defined in s. 849.25, on the grounds or property of a <u>pari-mutuel facility commits permitholder of a horse or dog track or jai alai fronton is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, any person convicted under the provisions of this subsection shall not have adjudication of guilt suspended, deferred, or withheld.</u>
- (3) Any person who has been convicted of bookmaking in this state or any other state of the United States or any foreign country shall be denied admittance to and shall not attend any <u>pari-mutuel facility racetrack or fronton</u> in this state during its racing seasons or operating dates, including any practice or preparational days, for a period of 2 years after the date of conviction or the date of final appeal. Following the conclusion of the period of ineligibility, the director of the division may authorize the reinstatement of an individual following a hearing on readmittance. Any such person who knowingly violates this subsection <u>commits is guilty of</u> a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) If the activities of a person show that this law is being violated, and such activities are either witnessed by or are common knowledge of by any pari-mutuel facility track or fronton employee, it is the duty of that employee to bring the matter to the immediate attention of the permitholder, manager, or her or his designee, who shall notify a law enforcement agency

having jurisdiction. Willful failure by the pari-mutuel facility on the part of any track or fronton employee to comply with the provisions of this subsection is a ground for the division to suspend or revoke that employee's license for pari-mutuel facility track or fronton employment.

- (5) Each permittee shall display, in conspicuous places at a <u>pari-mutuel facility track or fronton</u> and in all race and jai alai daily programs, a warning to all patrons concerning the prohibition and penalties of bookmaking contained in this section and s. 849.25. The division shall adopt rules concerning the uniform size of all warnings and the number of placements throughout a <u>pari-mutuel facility track or fronton</u>. Failure on the part of the permittee to display such warnings may result in the imposition of a \$500 fine by the division for each offense.
- (6) This section does not apply to any person attending a track or fronton or employed by or attending a pari-mutuel facility a track or fronton who places a bet through the legalized pari-mutuel pool for another person, provided such service is rendered gratuitously and without fee or other reward.

Section 24. Effective October 1, 2021, section 550.3616, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

550.3616 Racing greyhounds or other dogs prohibited; penalty.—A person authorized to conduct gaming or pari-mutuel operations in this state may not race greyhounds or any member of the *Canis familiaris* subspecies in connection with any wager for money or any other thing of value in this state. A person who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A person who commits a second or subsequent violation commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, any person convicted under this section may not have adjudication of guilt suspended, deferred, or withheld.

Section 25. Section 550.475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.475 Lease of pari-mutuel facilities by pari-mutuel permitholders. Holders of valid pari-mutuel permits for the conduct of any <u>pari-mutuel wagering jai alai games</u>, dogracing, or thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing in this state are entitled to lease any and all of their facilities to any other holder of a same class valid pari-mutuel permit for jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred or standardbred horse racing, when located within a 35-mile radius of each other; and such lessee is entitled to a permit and license to <u>conduct intertrack wagering and</u> operate its race meet or jai alai games at the leased premises.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits; operating days.

(2) A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not begin any race later than 7 p.m. Any thoroughbred permitholder in a county in which the authority for cardrooms has been approved by the board of county commissioners may operate a cardroom and, when conducting live races during its current race meet, may receive and rebroadcast out-of-state races after the hour of 7 p.m. on any day during which the permitholder conducts live races.

Section 27. Subsections (1), (2), and (8) of section 550.615, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

550.615 Intertrack wagering.—

- (1) Any <u>thoroughbred</u> horserace permitholder licensed under this chapter which has conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any time, receive broadcasts of horseraces and accept wagers on horseraces conducted by horserace permitholders licensed under this chapter at its facility.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (1), a pari-mutuel permitholder that has met the applicable requirement for that permitholder to conduct live racing or games under s. 550.01215(1)(b), if any, for fiscal year 2020-2021 Any track or fronton licensed under this chapter which in the preceding year conducted a full schedule of live racing is qualified to, at any time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter.
- (8) In any three contiguous counties of the state where there are only three permitholders, all of which are greyhound permitholders, if any permitholder leases the facility of another permitholder for all or any portion of the conduct of its live race meet pursuant to s. 550.475, such lessee may conduct intertrack wagering at its pre-lease permitted facility throughout the entire year, including while its live meet is being conducted at the leased facility, if such permitholder has conducted a full schedule of live racing during the preceding fiscal year at its pre-lease permitted facility or at a leased facility, or combination thereof.
- (11) Any greyhound permitholder licensed under this chapter to conduct pari-mutuel wagering is qualified to, at any time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter.

Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 550.6305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.6305 Intertrack wagering; guest track payments; accounting rules.

- (2) For the purposes of calculation of odds and payoffs and distribution of the pari-mutuel pools, all intertrack wagers shall be combined with the parimutuel pools at the host track. Notwithstanding this subsection or subsection (4), a greyhound pari-mutuel permitholder may conduct intertrack wagering without combining pari-mutuel pools on not more than three races in any week, not to exceed 20 races in a year. All other provisions concerning pari-mutuel takeout and payments, including state tax payments, apply as if the pool had been combined.
- Section 29. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.—In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thoroughbred breeding in Florida.
- (1) Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01 and, that has conducted at least 8 45 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state for at least 3 consecutive years, and that has conducted at least 1 day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing in this state, with a purse structure of at least \$250,000 per year for 2 consecutive years before such application, shall be issued a license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section, to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent sales facility during the following periods:
 - (a) Up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred sales;
 - (b) Between November 1 and May 8;
- (c) Between May 9 and October 31 at such times and on such days as any thoroughbred, jai alai, or a greyhound permitholder in the same county is not conducting live performances; provided that any such permitholder may waive this requirement, in whole or in part, and allow the licensee under this section to conduct intertrack wagering during one or more of the permitholder's live performances; and
- (d) During the weekend of the Kentucky Derby, the Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is conducted before November 1 and after May 8.

No more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any thoroughbred permitholder's track.

- (4) Intertrack wagering under this section may be conducted only on thoroughbred horse racing, except that intertrack wagering may be conducted on any class of pari-mutuel race or game conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter if all thoroughbred, jai alai, and greyhound permitholders in the same county as the licensee under this section give their consent.
- (5) The licensee shall be considered a guest track under this chapter. The licensee shall pay 2.5 percent of the total contributions to the daily parimutuel pool on wagers accepted at the licensee's facility on greyhound races or jai alai games to the thoroughbred permitholder that is conducting live races for purses to be paid during its current racing meet. If more than one thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live races on a day during which the licensee is conducting intertrack wagering on greyhound races or jai alai games, the licensee shall allocate these funds between the operating thoroughbred permitholders on a pro rata basis based on the total live handle at the operating permitholders' facilities.
- Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.—
- (4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot machine licensee shall:
- (c) If a thoroughbred permitholder, conduct no fewer than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct such number of live races or games shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, strike, war, hurricane, pandemic, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder.
- Section 31. Subsection (4) of section 551.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 551.114 Slot machine gaming areas.—
- (4) Designated slot machine gaming areas <u>must</u> may be located <u>at the</u> address specified in the licensed permitholder's slot machine license issued for fiscal year 2020-2021 within the current live gaming facility or in an existing building that must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility. If a designated slot machine gaming area is to be located in a building that is to be constructed, that new building must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility.
 - Section 32. Section 551.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 551.116 Days and hours of operation.—Slot machine gaming areas may be open 24 hours per day daily throughout the year. The slot machine gaming areas may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on

Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on those holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).

Section 33. Subsection (5) of section 565.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.02 License fees; vendors; clubs; caterers; and others.—

(5) A caterer at a pari-mutuel facility licensed under chapter 550 horse or dog racetrack or jai alai fronton may obtain a license upon the payment of an annual state license tax of \$675. Such caterer's license shall permit sales only within the enclosure in which pari-mutuel wagering is conducted such races or jai alai games are conducted, and such licensee shall be permitted to sell only during the period beginning 10 days before and ending 10 days after racing or jai alai under the authority of the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation is conducted at such racetrack or jai alai fronton. Except as in this subsection otherwise provided, caterers licensed hereunder shall be treated as vendors licensed to sell by the drink the beverages mentioned herein and shall be subject to all the provisions hereof relating to such vendors.

Section 34. Subsection (5), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (7), paragraph (d) of subsection (13), and subsection (16) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

849.086 Cardrooms authorized.—

- (5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.—No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
- (a) Only those persons holding a valid cardroom license issued by the division may operate a cardroom. A cardroom license may only be issued to a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder and an authorized cardroom may only be operated at the same facility at which the permitholder is authorized under its valid pari-mutuel wagering permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities. An initial cardroom license shall be issued to a pari-mutuel permitholder only after its facilities are in place and after it conducts its first day of pari-mutuel activities on live racing or games.
- (b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the application for the annual license renewal shall be made in conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its annual application to include operation of the cardroom.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a pari-mutuel permitholder, other than a permitholder issued a permit pursuant to s. 550.3345, may not be issued a license for the operation of a cardroom if

the permitholder did not hold an operating license for the conduct of parimutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021. In order for an initial cardroom license to be issued to a thoroughbred permitholder issued a permit pursuant s. 550.3345, the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least a full schedule of live racing. In order for a cardroom license to be renewed by a thoroughbred permitholder, the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least 90 percent of the total number of live performances conducted by such permitholder during either the state fiscal year in which its initial cardroom license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live racing or games in the prior year. If the application is for a harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested authorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each permitholder must have applied for a license to conduct a full schedule of live racing.

- (d)(e) Persons seeking a license or a renewal thereof to operate a cardroom shall make application on forms prescribed by the division. Applications for cardroom licenses shall contain all of the information the division, by rule, may determine is required to ensure eligibility.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}(d)}$ The annual cardroom license fee for each facility shall be \$1,000 for each table to be operated at the cardroom. The license fee shall be deposited by the division with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund.

(7) CONDITIONS FOR OPERATING A CARDROOM.—

- (a) A cardroom may be operated only at the location specified on the cardroom license issued by the division, and such location may only be the location at which the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid parimutuel permit or as otherwise authorized by law. Cardroom operations may not be allowed beyond the hours provided in paragraph (b) regardless of the number of cardroom licenses issued for permitholders operating at the parimutuel facility.
- (b) Any cardroom operator may operate a cardroom at the pari-mutuel facility daily throughout the year, if the permitholder meets the requirements under paragraph (5)(b). The cardroom may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on the holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).

(13) TAXES AND OTHER PAYMENTS.—

(d)1. Each greyhound and jai alai permitholder that conducts live performances and operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 4 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly gross receipts to supplement

greyhound purses or jai alai prize money, respectively, during the permitholder's next ensuing pari-mutuel meet.

- 2. Each thoroughbred <u>permitholder or and harness horse racing permitholder that conducts live performances and operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 50 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly net proceeds as follows: 47 percent to supplement purses and 3 percent to supplement breeders' awards during the permitholder's next ensuing racing meet.</u>
- 3. No cardroom license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing <u>and conducting live performances</u> unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.

(16) LOCAL GOVERNMENT APPROVAL.—

- (a) The Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering shall not issue any initial license under this section except upon proof in such form as the division may prescribe that the local government where the applicant for such license desires to conduct cardroom gaming has voted to approve such activity by a majority vote of the governing body of the municipality or the governing body of the county if the facility is not located in a municipality.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a municipality may prohibit the establishment of a cardroom on or after July 1, 2021, within its jurisdiction. This paragraph does not apply to a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder who held an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021 in the municipality's jurisdiction or to a cardroom that was previously approved by the municipality.
- Section 35. Effective October 1, 2021, section 849.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 849.14 Unlawful to bet on result of trial or contest of skill, etc.—Whoever stakes, bets or wagers any money or other thing of value upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power or endurance of human or beast, or whoever receives in any manner whatsoever any money or other thing of value staked, bet or wagered, or offered for the purpose of being staked, bet or wagered, by or for any other person upon any such result, or whoever knowingly becomes the custodian or depositary of any money or other thing of value so staked, bet, or wagered upon any such result, or whoever aids, or assists, or abets, or influences in any manner in any of such acts all of which

are hereby forbidden, <u>commits</u> shall be guilty of a <u>felony</u> misdemeanor of the <u>third</u> second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- Section 36. Section 849.142, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 849.142 Exempted activities.—Sections 849.01, 849.08, 849.09, 849.11, 849.14, and 849.25 do not apply to participation in or the conduct of any of the following activities:
- (1) Gaming activities authorized under s. 285.710(13) and conducted pursuant to a gaming compact ratified and approved under s. 285.710(3).
 - (2) Amusement games conducted pursuant to chapter 546.
 - (3) Pari-mutuel wagering conducted pursuant to chapter 550.
 - (4) Slot machine gaming conducted pursuant to chapter 551.
 - (5) Games conducted pursuant to s. 849.086.
 - (6) Bingo games conducted pursuant to s. 849.0931.
- Section 37. Effective October 1, 2021, section 849.251, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 849.251 Wagering, aiding, abetting, or conniving to race or wager on greyhounds or other dogs; penalty.—
- (1) A person in this state may not wager or accept money or any other thing of value on the outcome of a live dog race occurring in this state. A person who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A person who commits a second or subsequent violation commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (2) Any person who aids, abets, influences, or has any understanding or connivance with any person associated with or interested in any race of or wager on greyhounds or other dogs in this state, to organize or arrange a race of or wager on greyhounds or other dogs in this state, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A person who commits a second or subsequent violation commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, any person convicted under subsection (1) or subsection (2) may not have adjudication of guilt suspended, deferred, or withheld.
- (4) This section does not apply to pari-mutuel wagering authorized under chapter 550.

Section 38. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 550.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 380.0651, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

380.0651 Statewide guidelines, standards, and exemptions.—

- (2) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.—The following developments are exempt from s. 380.06:
- (c) Any proposed addition to an existing sports facility complex if the addition meets the following characteristics:
- 1. It would not operate concurrently with the scheduled hours of operation of the existing facility;
- 2. Its seating capacity would be no more than 75 percent of the capacity of the existing facility; and
- 3. The sports facility complex property was owned by a public body before July 1, 1983.

This exemption does not apply to any pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002.

If a use is exempt from review pursuant to paragraphs (a)-(u), but will be part of a larger project that is subject to review pursuant to s. 380.06(12), the impact of the exempt use must be included in the review of the larger project, unless such exempt use involves a development that includes a landowner, tenant, or user that has entered into a funding agreement with the state land planning agency under the Innovation Incentive Program and the agreement contemplates a state award of at least \$50 million.

Section 39. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 550.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 402.82, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

402.82 Electronic benefits transfer program.—

- (4) Use or acceptance of an electronic benefits transfer card is prohibited at the following locations or for the following activities:
 - (c) A pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002.

Section 40. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 550.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 480.0475, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

480.0475 Massage establishments; prohibited practices.—

- (1) A person may not operate a massage establishment between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. This subsection does not apply to a massage establishment:
- (a) Located on the premises of a health care facility as defined in s. 408.07; a health care clinic as defined in s. 400.9905(4); a hotel, motel, or bed and breakfast inn, as those terms are defined in s. 509.242; a timeshare property as defined in s. 721.05; a public airport as defined in s. 330.27; or a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002;
- (b) In which every massage performed between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. is performed by a massage therapist acting under the prescription of a physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under part I of chapter 464, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466; or
- (c) Operating during a special event if the county or municipality in which the establishment operates has approved such operation during the special event.
- Section 41. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.
- Section 42. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect on the same date that SB 2A or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

Approved by the Governor May 25, 2021.

Filed in Office Secretary of State May 25, 2021.